

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXX NO. 95

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8, 1911.

PRICE TWO CENTS

MORE SALOONS FOR THIS CITY

Law Will Permit the Operation of Fifteen Instead of Twelve in Seymour.

VOTE CAST AT LAST ELECTION

Will Be Used in Determining Population Instead of United States Census Report.

A more careful examination of the new Proctor regulatory and restrictive liquor law indicates that a mistake has been made generally in estimating the number of saloons which Seymour may have under the act.

It has been figured that the number would be twelve but it is now found that the city may have fifteen. The former estimate was arrived at by assuming that the allotment would be made on the basis of the population given by the last United States census, whereas it is figured by multiplying the number of votes cast in the last city election by five.

The part of the law governing this matter is contained in section 3 and says:

"In determining the number of inhabitants in any city or township in which there is no city located for the purpose of this act, the same shall be taken as being five times the greatest aggregate vote cast for all candidates for any office in such city or township at the last general election held therein preceding the filing of such application for a license and the number of inhabitants in any township outside of the corporate limits of any city located therein shall be determined by the last United States census taken in such township preceding the filing of such application."

The last election held in Seymour when the vote in the city was separate from the township was for city officers in November 1909. The largest aggregate vote cast then was for the three candidates for mayor and was 1,545. The latter multiplied by five amounts to 7,725 which divided by 500 gives the number of saloons the city may have, fifteen.

The law provides that there may be one saloon for each 500 but gave the commissioners power at their first session after the passage of the act to limit the number to one for each 1,000. In many counties the commissioners took advantage of this provision to make such limit but in Jackson county the board, which was in session Monday and Tuesday, failed to take any action in the matter and as a consequence one for each 500 population is the allowance.

It can not be determined yet how many applicants there will be in Seymour. The council has not fixed the license though it seems to be the understanding that they will make it the highest amount allowable, \$500. The latter with the county license, \$200 and \$25 for the state would raise the amount to \$725. Some men who have been looking over the situation express the opinion that this amount and the number of desirable rooms or locations available will result in their not being many applications in excess of the limit, fifteen. Others believe there will be a considerable larger number who desire li-

censes and the commissioners will have the privilege of deciding the contest and awarding the licenses to men they favor.

It will be seen by the law quoted that the population of Jackson township outside of Seymour would be determined by the United States census while in townships having no city the manner of estimating the population would be similar to that in Seymour.

SUES FOR RECEIVERSHIP.

Officers of Indiana Millers' Insurance Co. Made Defendants.

The Sparks Milling Company, of Alton, Ill., filed a bill in the federal court at Indianapolis Tuesday asking for an accounting, an injunction, a receiver and contesting the reorganization of the Indiana Millers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of which M. S. Blish, of this city, was president, into the Indiana Millers' Insurance Company. At the regular meeting the Indiana Millers' Mutual Company last January the company was reorganized. Mr. Blish, the president of the Mutual Company, was not present at the meeting on account of illness.

The Sparks Milling Co. brings the suit upon the grounds the reorganization is repugnant to the laws of the state of Indiana. It is set forth that, under the law complained of, the property and assets of a mutual insurance company reorganized or reincorporated under it would be taken from the members of the mutual company and transferred without consideration to the stockholders of the reorganized or reincorporated company, and the contract entered into between the mutual company and its members would thereby be abrogated and made valueless.

PECULIAR REQUEST

Made by Jesse Seevers Who Was Sent to the Reformatory.

Jesse Seevers, the young man from east of Crothersville, who a few days ago was sent to the Jeffersonville reformatory from Richmond, on a forgery charge, has asked that he be permitted to continue his studies for the ministry. He confessed to having swindled several colleges. He was formerly a ministerial student at Upland and claims that when released from prison he will go to work and repay every cent of the amount he secured through his fraudulent transactions.

Birthday Anniversary.

Mike Fox is today receiving the congratulations of his many friends upon reaching his sixty-sixth birthday anniversary. He was born in Germany, but came to the United States with his parents when he was two years of age, and lived for some time near Four Corners. Later he moved to Vernon, but for over forty years has lived in this city.

Rebekah Notice.

The Rebekahs will not meet Thursday evening on account of the quarantine.

IRMA HANCOCK, N. G.
ESTHER ELLIOTT, Secy.

Epidemic at Mitchell.

Mitchell has a scarlet fever epidemic, it being stated there are fifty cases in the town. School has been dismissed in several rooms.

George Seulke, who has been very sick at the home of his sister, Miss Doris Seulke for the past ten months, is not so well today.

A VAIN SEARCH FOR A FAT ROLL

George Carson Thought He Had Left

\$150 on a Bed at The New Yynn Hotel.

A TWENTY-FOUR HOUR SEARCH

The Owner Finally Found the Money In His Pocket.—Relief For All Concerned.

For twenty-four hours the New Lynn hotel was hunting ground for a neat roll of \$150 of good money which all the time was reposing peacefully in a pocket of the owner's "other suit" over in Jennings county. Monday evening George Carson, of Panama, who is home on a vacation, stopped at the hotel. He paid for his supper and lodging in advance and left on an early train Tuesday morning for Jennings county. About 10 o'clock he called up W. P. Rooney, clerk at the New Lynn, over the telephone and told him that he had left his pocket book containing \$150 on the bed in his room. The information caused excitement at the hotel and Mr. Dobbins, the proprietor, instituted a general and careful search for the lost roll. The house was searched and employees were questioned but the roll failed to come to the front and be counted. Mr. Dobbins called up Mr. Carson and asked him if he had made a careful search and was sure the money had been left at the hotel and was assured that such was the case. The search went on, though the loss was not made public in the hope that if the money had been stolen a clew might be found. The door of the room which Mr. Carson had occupied had stood open for some time before news of the loss came and many people, including guests and employees of the hotel, had passed the door and could have easily seen the pocket book if it was lying on the bed.

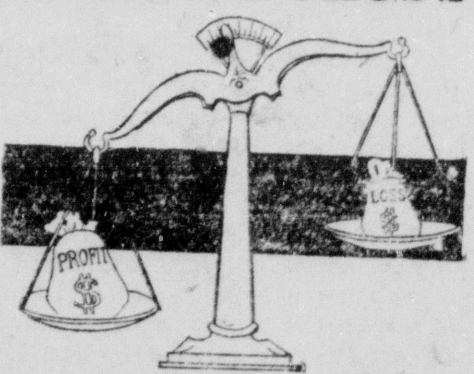
Last night and early this morning the search went on but no bill of any denomination was found running loose without an owner.

About 10 o'clock this morning the suspense was ended when Mr. Dobbins received a telephone message from Mr. Carson that he had found the money in a pocket of the suit he had taken off after reaching his Jennings county destination. He explained that when he had first needed money yesterday he had reached into his pocket, forgetting he had changed his clothes, and not finding the money recalled that he had placed the pocket book on his bed at the hotel while dressing. He failed to recall the fact that he later put it in his pocket. He offered to pay any expense incurred in the search, but the hotel people were only too glad to hear of the recovery of the money, though the hotel was not responsible if the money had really been lost.

Among those who attended the W. C. T. U. meeting this afternoon at Mrs. R. R. Short's near Reddington, were Mrs. Ed Perkins, Mrs. Howard Brown, Mrs. M. C. Carpenter, Mrs. George Schwenk, Mrs. C. R. Hoffmann, Mrs. Wylie and Miss Almyra Huckleberry.

Want Ads. in the Republican get Results

PROFIT AND LOSS



Do not have the savings of years wiped out in order to save the nominal fire insurance premium—it's not good business.

You'll find it profitable to take out insurance at this agency because of its perfect service and the quality companies represented.

If you're without fire insurance, take it out NOW thru us where you are certain of the best kind of protection.

FRED EVERBACK AGENCY CO.
Office over Milhous Drug Store.

DIED SUDDENLY.

Mrs. Ann Odem Dean Stricken While Visiting a Friend.

Mrs. Ann Odem Dean was stricken with an attack of heart trouble Tuesday evening while visiting Mrs. B. W. Parker and died at 8:56 p. m. She had suffered from attacks of heart trouble for some time, but Tuesday evening she was in her usual health and with her daughter, Mrs. S. W. Baker, walked over to the home of Mrs. Parker on Indianapolis avenue.

The deceased was born January 29, 1843, which was also the birthday of Ex-president William McKinley. She was married to John Odem, who died about twenty years ago. Later she united in marriage with Mr. Dean who died about fifteen years ago. She lived here for about forty years and then moved to Indianapolis where she lived with her daughter, Mrs. C. M. Coleman. For about sixteen years she had made her home with Mrs. Baker.

The deceased is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Baker, of this city and Mrs. Coleman, of New York City, and two grandchildren. The definite arrangements for the funeral which will be held Friday, have not been completed.

SMASHUP AT HURON.

Engine in Collision Tuesday Also in This Accident.

The engine which was in the collision near North Vernon Tuesday morning seems to be a hoodoo, it having been the lead engine in the wreck which occurred at Huron Tuesday evening. In the Huron accident the engine was one of the two pulling second thirty-three, a west-bound freight, while it was pulling a mail train when the North Vernon wreck occurred.

Second thirty-three was pulled by two engines, R. C. Miller in charge of the first and J. E. Allen engineer on the second. Near Huron the engines collided with an extra east bound freight, but fortunately no one was injured, and the damage to the track and rolling stock was small. The Seymour wrecking crew was called to clear the tracks.

MARRIED.

DUNN-CROUCHER.

The marriage of Mr. William Dunn and Miss Oma Croucher was solemnized at the home of the bride on High street Tuesday evening by Esquire E. W. Blish. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Croucher and is a popular young lady. They will reside in this city.

R. C. Minton Here.

R. C. Minton, of Indianapolis, attorney for the Anti-saloon League, was here today in conference with a number of the leaders of the temperance forces.

DIED.

TAYLOR.—The infant son of Albert Taylor and wife was buried Wednesday at Taylor's Chapel in Salt Creek township. The child was born on Tuesday.

Bottomoff and Spurgeon, of Columbus, agents for the Buick automobile, sold five cars last week including two to John Thompson. One was a \$1,165 roadster and the other was a \$1,870 touring car.

M. W. Richards, of the experimental department of Purdue University, was here today and made an examination of the trees at the Jackson orchard.

Ship Your Goods by Interurban Freight or Express. It's Quick and Sure

I. & L. Traction Co.

Majestic Theatre

NATIONAL STOCK COMPANY Beginning Monday, March 13 A Continuous Performance

Opening Play, "REAPING THE HARVEST" Ladies free Monday night if accompanied by a person holding a reserved seat ticket.

Popular prices 10, 20, 30 cents.

DOCKET CALLED IN CIRCUIT COURT

Several New Cases Filed, But the Work of This Term is Very Light.

ONE DIVORCE CASE IS FILED

Commissioners Appoint Reviewers For the Dan Empson Road.—Viewers File Report.

The Jackson circuit court convened this morning after a vacation of several days. A number of the lawyers who are interested in various cases were at the court house, and when they were not discussing local legal matters they directed their attention to the new liquor law and other new acts which were passed by the legislature. Many of the attorneys are inclined to believe that the law was prepared after consultation with the breweries and does not provide for a very strict regulation.

The time of the court this morning was taken up by calling cases and receiving pleadings. No cases were decided, but the following new cases have been filed.

Nellie Hill, by next friend, Sherman Hill, against F. X. Smith, damages.

George Sauters as receiver of a bank in North Dakota, against Ira D. Flora, note.

Martin J. Blight vs. Sherman D. Hill, on account.

James L. Wray, et al., against Ralph Owens, et al., note.

James Hamilton vs. Emma Hamilton, divorce. This case was venued from Jennings circuit court to this county.

Several matters were disposed of by the board of commissioners before it adjourned Tuesday. The report of the viewers for the Dan Empson road was received. They were of the opinion that the highway would be of a public benefit. A remonstrance to the report, however, was filed by Henry Stahl and William T. Shurman. Moses Burdall asked for the appointment of viewers upon the ground that the road was of a public utility. The commissioners appointed Herman Alberring, James Crabb and Calvin Talley as reviewers.

R. R. Short and several other residents of Redding township filed a petition with the commissioners asking that they be given the privilege of placing telephone poles in the highway from a point in Redding township to Seymour. No action was taken on the petition.

The contract for the construction of the Stewart road in Vernon township was awarded to S. D. Smallwood of Brownstown township, for \$7,995. A bid was filed by James DeGolyer of Seymour on the work, and was only \$5 over that of the successful bidder.

ATTORNEY GENERAL HONAN

Is Swamped With Inquiries Regarding Liquor Law.

Thomas M. Honan, attorney general, is swamped with letters of inquiry regarding the workings of the new restrictive measure controlling the sale of liquor. The majority of the letters are from men who already are in the business, asking what provision the new law makes on the number of saloons to meet the population. The letters are the result, largely, of the reading of a copy of the restrictive measure in pamphlet form, sent out last Friday. To expedite matters the attorney general will wait several days for other inquiries and then write a general letter embodying answers to all the more important questions concerning the new law.

Birthday Anniversary.

Mrs. N. E. Ridgeway, mother of Mrs. Hayden H. Allen, passed her eighty-third mile stone last Sunday the 5th. Her many friends gave her a post card shower, reminding her of the fact and she received 143 cards. She appreciated the fact that she has not been forgotten, but has a place in the minds of her many friends. "I am in reasonably good health," said Mrs. Ridgeway, "for one of my age, and hope to live many more years, if it is God's will."—Washington Herald.

Miss Mary Meek, of Indianapolis, formerly of Seymour, is very sick.

TRAINS COLLIDE

B. & O. Passenger in Rear End Collision With Freight.

Passenger train No. 3 met with a little collision yesterday morning near North Vernon, and while it looked serious for a time fortunately no one was badly injured. An extra freight train in charge of Conductor John Ball backed on the main track just as the mail train approached. Engineer Richard Temple was in charge of the engine on the passenger and when he saw the freight it was too close to stop his train. He applied the air brakes but the engine crashed into a caboose. Had it struck a loaded car the accident would have been more serious. The engine of the passenger train did not leave the rails, but the caboose was torn into kindling wood. Conductor Michael Sexton was in charge of the passenger train. The wrecking crew from Seymour was called to clear the track. G. G. Martin, of this city, was mail clerk on the train when the accident occurred, and was slightly injured. He recently recovered from an operation, and had made but a few trips.

LAND MARK AT HOUSTON.

Lutes Homestead, Erected in 1859, Being Torn Down.

Winfrey Lutes, of Houston, is tearing away his residence which was known as the Lutes Homestead and one of the land marks of that part of the county. The house was located northeast of the town and was erected in 1859 by Mr. Lutes' grandfather, Henry Lutes. It has eight rooms and was built at a cost of \$3,200. It was one of the largest houses in that part of the county and was always kept in good repair.

The residence was constructed from yellow poplar, which was purchased by Mr. Lutes near Houston for \$1.00 per tree. Winfrey Lutes is moving the frame timber and will erect a six room residence north of Houston this spring.

Mrs. Violinda Weekly Dead.

Regarding the death of Mrs. Violinda Weekly, of Greeley, Col., mother of Wesley Weekly, of Freetown, a Greeley paper says:

While planning to return to Greeley from Jerome, Kan., where she has been visiting her son, Mrs. Violinda Weekly, died suddenly after eating breakfast, when she had apparently been in her usual health. The news of her death which came Wednesday to her daughter, Mrs. Mary L. Martin, and son, W. E. Weekly, will bring sorrow to the hearts of her many friends in Greeley.

Mrs. Weekly was well known in Greeley, as she has made her home here the greater part of the time since 1896. She was a woman of rare charm, whose cheerful disposition and many admirable traits endeared her to all.

Although in her eighty-ninth year Mrs. Weekly has been active and alert and was wonderfully well preserved for her years. She grew old gracefully and traveling had no terrors for her as she made a yearly visit to her children in Kansas and Oklahoma.

Majestic Attraction.

The patrons of the Majestic Theatre will welcome the National Stock Company who will spend a week here beginning Monday, March 13. The company has played at various cities and has met with much success. The prices are 10, 20 and 30 cents. Monday night the performance will be "Reaping the Harvest."

Timber Deal.

The Stanfield-Carlson Hardware Co. has purchased from J. D. Cone of North Vernon for \$1,450.00 all the timber except the white oak on the eighty-acre McDonald tract of land. This is the land which Mr. Cone purchased for \$6,157.00 a few days ago from Dr. W. M. Casey, guardian of Clara and Louise McDonald.

For Sale.

High Grade Piano, cost \$350.00. will take \$150.00. Call at 224 West Tipton street. m9d

Dr. J. M. Jenkins, of Cortland, has gone to Florida on a business trip and will be gone ten days or two weeks.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

The Sparta is the right place for Ice Cream and Candies. j10tf

Berdon's Barber Shop, S. Chestnut.

Kindling and coal at H. F. White's.

Disinfectants

We sell all kinds

that are used in the sick room or about the out buildings.

BRING US YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS

Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

The Rexall Store
Registered Pharmacists
Phone 633

This Week's Specials

Good chance for the cash buyer to get a supply at a great saving.

Lard compound, per lb . . . 10
Lard, Pure Kettle Rendered, per lb. 12 1-2
Bacon, Country, per lb . . . 13
Eggs, fresh, per doz 15
Briek Cheese by cake per lb 18
Peanut Butter, per lb. . . . 10
Salmon, 25c. per can, 20
Corn, two cans 15
Tw lb. Dry Peaches 15
Pickles Large Sweet, per doz 05
Graham Crackers, per box . 05
Reception Flakes, per lb . . 10
Vanilla Wafers, per lb . . . 15
Onion Sets per quart 05
Peroxide of Hydrogen 3 for 25

Hoadley's Grocery

Phone 25.

AFTER 7 YEARS SUFFERING

I Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Waurika, Okla.—"I had female troubles for seven years, was all run down, and so nervous I could not do anything. The doctors treated me for different things but did me no good. I got so bad that I could not sleep day or night. While in this condition I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and began its use and it cured me. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. In a short time I had gained my average weight and am now strong and well."—Mrs. SALLIE STEVENS, R. F. D., No. 2, Box 81, Waurika, Okla.



Another Grateful Woman.
Huntington, Mass.—"I was in a nervous, run down condition and for three years could find no help."

"I owe my present good health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier which I believe saved my life."

"My doctor knows what helped me and does not say one word against it."—Mrs. MARI JANETTE BATES, Box 134, Huntington, Mass.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, and nervous prostration.

THE HALL OF FAME.

RALPH WALDO EMERSON
—Famous American essayist,



poet and lecturer; leader of the great New England transcendental movement. Born Boston, May 25, 1803; died Concord, Mass., April 27, 1882. Was graduated

from Harvard in 1821. Unitarian clergyman in Boston 1829-32, quitting pulpit because of advancing liberalistic views on religion. Began career as lecturer in 1833 and continued nearly forty years. Settled at Concord in 1834. Became known as "the Sage of Concord." His essays, in two volumes, first and second series, made him world famous and remain to this day his chief claim to immortal renown. Emerson also wrote a limited number of poems, many of which are of high class as poetry.

How He Escaped.

"But," says the returned explorer, "although I seemed to be hopelessly lost and there was not the slightest sign of a trail, I was not the least alarmed, for at that moment some nomadic Kurds rode into my camp."

"Why were you not alarmed?" asks a listener.

"I knew the Kurds would show me the way."—Chicago Post.

My Kidneys Are Killing Me!

Martyrs to Kidney and Bladder Trouble Try This Remarkable New Treatment, Free.

Here is a treatment for kidney and bladder diseases and rheumatism that is absolutely guaranteed. It is safe and positive, and that you can test yourself without investing one penny. It is a new, scientific, safe, powerful cleanser of the kidneys. The new



treatment, Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills, will save your kidneys, upon which your very life depends.

If you have crurifying or dull pains in the back, Bright's disease, diabetes, rheumatism in any form, pain in the bladder, profuse or scanty urination, or discolored, foul urinated, do not let the day go by without getting a package of Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills and see a tremendous difference in yourself in 24 hours. If you want to try them first, tell any druggist to give you a free sample package.

Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills—60 pills—10 days' treatment—25 cents at drug stores or we will supply you if your druggist hasn't them. Address Dr. Derby Medicine Co., Canton Rapids, Mich.

GOING TO MAKE MEXICO BE GOOD

This Is the Object of Extraordinary Military Movement.

IS ENGLAND BACK OF IT ALL?

It Is Understood That the British Government Has Informed the State Department That It Might Have to Take Hold Down in Mexico if Our Government Didn't Exercise a Restraining Influence Over Our Unruly Neighbors to the South.

Washington, March 8.—Under the pretext of holding joint army and navy maneuvers, the United States has undertaken a formidable military demonstration for the protection of American and other foreign properties in Mexico. This is the only logical inference that can be drawn from orders which have suddenly been issued by the war department sending 20,000 troops, or two-thirds of the regular army now in the United States, to the Mexican border. In addition to these troops, 2,000 marines, practically all the marines on the Atlantic coast, are under orders to proceed immediately to Guantanamo, which is within striking distance of Mexico, and the Fifth division of the Atlantic fleet, consisting of five fast cruisers and auxiliaries, are sailing for the port of Galveston.

This mobilization of troops in the department of Texas is the largest that has taken place in this country since the Spanish war, and if designed for mere maneuver purposes, is unprecedented in many of its characteristics.

The call for troops includes detachments from every important military post in the United States. Many of these detachments are already under way, and it is expected to have the entire force in Texas, at Guantanamo and San Diego, Cal., within five days. Officials of the war and navy departments will acknowledge no reason for this extraordinary military display except a desire to conduct joint maneuvers. Their statements, however, are entirely unconvincing and lacking in all details which have invariably been given out on previous occasions of army and navy maneuvers. They are generally accepted here as mere subterfuge to cover the real purpose of the movement.

Ambassador Wilson's Report.

This sudden demonstration follows conferences which Henry Lane Wilson, United States ambassador to Mexico, has had here for two days with officers of the state department. He made a gloomy statement of conditions in Mexico. It is understood that he was pessimistic over the extent of the revolution in Mexico and the ability of the Diaz government to suppress it. The Mexican revolution has now been in progress for several months, and President Diaz has failed to check it with the energy that his hand has displayed on former occasions. These circumstances, together with contingencies that might arise in the event of Diaz's death, were carefully considered in the conferences between the state department officials and Mr. Wilson.

The United States interests in Mexico have been estimated as high as \$1,500,000,000, and the protection of these interests would alone account for the proposed mobilization of troops if the officials of this government were convinced for a moment that the Mexican government might not be able to cope with the situation. There is, however, another consideration which likely influenced the president and the state department to make this formidable demonstration. Great Britain also has extensive railroad and mining interests in Mexico, and there is practically no doubt that that government has communicated through the British ambassador with the state department in regard to steps taken for the protection of the interests of foreigners in Mexico. The British government, keeping within its policy to avoid entanglements on this side of the Atlantic which might involve the Monroe doctrine, has, it is understood, consulted with the Washington authorities in regard to the situation in Mexico. The British government undoubtedly informed the state department, however, that it might feel obliged to look after the interests of its own subjects if the United States could not extend protection to foreigners in Mexico. The general impression in Washington is that the attitude of the British government has had a good deal to do with the sudden decision on the part of the war and navy department officers to undertake extensive maneuvers near the Mexican border.

Soldiers Keenly Interested.

No attempt is made by any government officers to conceal the fact that this government is confronted by a serious situation in Mexico. Many facts in connection with the movement of troops are inconsistent with the statement of the army and navy departments that a mere joint maneuver is the purpose of the shifts. For one thing, it was learned that the troops are equipped with ball cartridges, which are not used in war games or maneuvers. In the second place, thirty-six companies of coast artillery have been pressed into serv-

ice as infantrymen. These coast artillerymen have been taken from the defenses about New York and Hampton Roads, the two most important points of defense on the Atlantic coast. Furthermore, it is unprecedented to hold maneuvers at this time of the year. Usually army maneuvers and also joint army and navy maneuvers are held in midsummer, when the militia also can participate. In the proposed maneuvers in Texas the militia will have no part.

There is still another consideration which is inconsistent with the maneuver theory. All of the army and navy standing appropriations are at a low ebb. The mileage appropriation is particularly low and the funds for the next year will not be available before July 1. For the war department under these circumstances to undertake the sudden movement of forces from remote parts of the country to the Mexican border for the mere purpose of exercise is regarded as extraordinary. The quartermaster's appropriation for the present year is also running low and it is practically certain that the movement of such a large body of men into Texas will result in the creation of a deficit which will have to be supplied by a Democratic house of representatives.

The total force of troops in Texas when fully mobilized will be about four times as large as the force landed in Cuba during the second military intervention which ended in 1907.

Diaz Willing For Intervention.

Washington, March 8.—Ambassador De La Barra said that the Mexican government had been consulted as to the proposed movement of troops and that his government felt that the proposed mobilization would have the effect of aiding its efforts to suppress the insurrection. He added that the proposed mobilization was entirely satisfactory to his government.

GOING RIGHT AHEAD WITH VOTE INQUIRY

Grand Jury At Danville Proceeds With New Foreman.

Danville, Ill., March 8.—Judge Kimbrough has removed Isaac Woodyard, foreman of the grand jury, on account of continued illness, and named John Goodwine of Potomac to succeed him. The request for a new foreman was made by the entire membership of the jury, who told the judge that they had six or eight weeks' work before them yet and that they could not continue without a foreman.

Subpenas were immediately issued for a number of witnesses, and the vote probe began where it left off two weeks ago.

A TEN-MINUTE BLOW

Did \$100,000 Damage in the Evansville District.

Evansville, Ind., March 8.—High winds of great force swept southwestern Indiana and adjacent section of Illinois and Kentucky, leaving a trail of damage in many country districts, unroofing houses and destroying a church in Spottsville, Ky. Reports from all the river counties indicate that the storm came with great suddenness and lasted only about ten minutes, causing a property loss estimated now, on the incomplete reports at hand, in excess of \$100,000.

The roof of George Hornby's barn in Vanderburgh county, seven miles north of Evansville, collapsed in the wind and thirty cattle were killed. Reports from Warrick county are that at least a dozen barns were wrecked with a loss of \$10,000. In Posey county the damage is estimated at \$7,000.

Looking Into the Thing.

Philadelphia, March 8.—Frank L. Garbino, an agent of the department of justice at Washington, who took a conspicuous part in the inquiry into the sugar frauds at New York, has been in Philadelphia a month, directing a secret investigation into sugar conditions here.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

The Rolla (Mo.) section of the Ozark mountain region had an earthquake shock of short duration.

The mining town and camp of Concepcion Del Oro, state of Zacatecas, Mexico, is reported to be in the hands of the rebels.

In furtherance of its policy of retrenchment the Pennsylvania Railroad company has laid off more than 200 men at its Fort Wayne shops.

During the course of an extremely acrimonious debate in the Belgian chamber of deputies a Socialist deputy spat in the face of a fellow member.

The police of the village of Soninno, Italy, have arrested Agostino Desanctis, who has confessed to the murder of Constantino Rimondi last August at Austin, Pa.

Major Rossi, a high municipal functionary of Rome, filled with shame and disgust, committed suicide because his two daughters adopted the trousers skirt as a part of their everyday costume.

Adolphus Busch, the big St. Louis brewer, celebrated his golden wedding by giving his wife a \$200,000 gold crown studded with diamonds. The 6,000 employees of the brewery and their families drank 40,000 bottles of beer in celebration of the event.

ARMY OFFICERS MERELY SMILE

White House Statement Taken With Allowance.

SEE ANOTHER MEANING TO IT

It Is Apparent to Seasoned Observers Along the Border That Uncle Sam's Extraordinary Military Maneuver in Times of Peace Must Mean That This Government Is Bent Upon Making the Mexicans Behave.

El Paso, March 8.—Armed intervention by the United States in Mexico to restore normal conditions in the republic is all the talk along the border following the issuing of orders for the mobilization of 20,000 United States troops from different parts of the country at points in Texas. Americans can see no other meaning to it.

It was officially declared last week that the border is amply patrolled and it is known that the additional regiments ordered to Texas are not needed in preventing insurrecto sympathizers from crossing the border into Mexico. Observers believe that this mobilization of troops at San Antonio, in addition to the brigade stationed there, means armed intervention in Mexican affairs.

Nobody believes that this sudden mobilization has been decided upon merely as an army maneuver, however army officers. They merely smile and cough behind their hands. An American official said: "The statement from the White House would do credit to Enrique Creel down in Mexico."

Did Diaz Start It?

The rebel officers have often made the statement that if they could be guaranteed a fair election under United States supervision, such as Cuba had received, they would lay down their arms. It is believed that the fighting would stop within two weeks after the United States took charge. Americans here think that Diaz has let it be known that he is willing to have United States intervention, and that with the knowledge that it is satisfactory to the insurrectos, this government is about to act in the interest of restoring peace.

Should such intervention come, as it has been predicted by men familiar with affairs in Mexico, it will probably be at the request of the Mexican government. Mexico has allowed armed forces to tie up the railroads in the northern portion of the republic. American interests in Mexico have been interfered with and in many cases mining properties and other development enterprises have been crippled because of the rebel activity. An international phase of the situation has also developed. The Mexico Northwestern road, the Madera Lumber company and its large holdings in Chihuahua are owned by the Pearson syndicate, with Canadian and English capital. The Northwestern line has been out of commission for more than a month, Madera mills have been unable to ship supplies because of the insurrecto movements near there, and the great Pearson enterprises have been hampered since the trouble first started. Dr. F. S. Pearson has reported the situation to his associates in London. This doubtless has been repeated to the British foreign office. The idea of the Monroe doctrine is that the United States cannot allow European powers to interfere in the affairs of the countries to the south of the United States. Since this is true it is held that the United States is bound by the doctrine to preserve peace and protect foreign interests in these countries.

IT MEANS BUSINESS

At Least This Is the Belief of Officers in the Field.

Omaha, Neb., March 8.—That the mobilization of troops and warships in Texas and the gulf is not simply for maneuvers, but really means hostilities of some sort is the belief of General Frederick H. Smith, commanding officer of the department of Missouri with headquarters in Omaha. Gen. Smith says:

"It is one of the most gigantic movements ever undertaken so suddenly in times of peace and I believe there is something beside practice mobilization in it."

"One matter which tends towards this opinion is in the order received this morning to revoke all leaves of absence granted to officers which were to take effect in the next few months, and to order all officers to return to their commands."

The same opinion, expressed by other officers at headquarters, is that it is a hostile move, either to take the offensive, or to repel a foreign force.

Veteran Editor on Prison Board.

Indianapolis, March 8.—Governor Marshall has announced the appointment of John B. Stoll of South Bend as a member of the board of trustees of the Indiana state prison at Michigan City. He succeeds Robert C. Houston of Frankfort, who was recently appointed a state bank examiner. Mr. Stoll is editor of the South Bend Times.

Prince Adalbert, the third son of the Kaiser, is suffering from appendicitis.

S.S.S.

GREATEST OF ALL TONICS BECAUSE GREATEST OF ALL BLOOD PURIFIERS

Any system that needs a tonic needs also a blood purifier, for it is the weakened and impure condition of the circulation that is responsible for the run-down state of health. We have only to recognize the importance of pure, rich blood in preserving health, to realize the danger of a weakened or impure circulation. The great majority of persons are rapidly coming to understand the importance of preventing disease; they know that a poorly nourished system cannot resist germs and microbes, and that a tonic which purifies and enriches the blood will often ward off a serious spell of illness later on.

That Spring is the most trying season on the health is a fact well known to every one. It is the time of year when our constitutions are required to stand the greatest strain, and unless the system receives the proper amount of blood nutriment the health is bound to be affected. The general bodily weakness, tired, worn-out feeling, fickle appetite, poor digestion, etc., come directly as a result of weak, watery blood.

If you need a tonic, you need a medicine that has real blood purifying properties. A great many so called tonics are mere nerve stimulants, often producing instantaneous exhilarating effect, but acting with decided injury on the system. If your system is weak and run-down you can only tone it up by supplying an increased amount of blood nutriment, and this can come only through pure, rich blood. Any tonic which does not purify the blood is dangerous, because it leaves the impurities in the circulation to constantly prey upon the health.

S.S.S. is the greatest of all tonics because it is the greatest of all blood purifiers; and it is the one medicine you can rely on to supply the system with the best tonic effects and at the same time thoroughly purify the blood. The use of S.S.S. at this time may save you from a long spell of sickness, and it will certainly prepare you for the strain of the long hot Summer. Many people have put off using a tonic until the system became so weakened it could not resist disease, and have paid for the neglect later on with a spell of fever, malaria, or some other debilitating sickness. S.S.S. is Nature's ideal tonic and blood purifier. It does not contain a particle of mineral in any form, nor does it contain any of the deleterious nerve stimulants that are used in so many medicines called tonics.

S.S.S. tones up the stomach and digestion, rids one of the tired, worn-out feeling, improves the appetite and digestion, and in every way contributes to the upbuilding and strengthening of the entire system. S.S.S. is absolutely safe for persons of any age, and all who are in need of a tonic will find this medicine exactly suited to their needs.

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FEELS BETTER IN EVERY WAY

S.S.S. is a good medicine. I keep it in the house all the while. It is an excellent tonic to give strength to the system and tone to all the physical members. It gives appetite and energy and makes one feel better in every way. I have found it also an excellent blood purifier. For months I was troubled with an itching skin eruption on the face, and tried many specialists and many remedies to get a cure, but S.S.S. is the only medicine that seemed to relieve. I am now free of this eruption. I think a great deal of your medicine, believing it to be the best blood purifier and tonic known to the world today.

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OUR LETTER HEADS ARE



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WORK IS RIGHT --- PRICE IS RIGHT

NEW LAWS OF INDIANA

Enacted By the Sixty-Seventh
General Assembly.

PRESENTED IN A NUTSHELL

Here Are Set Out in Brief Though
Comprehensive Form the Measures
Enacted by the Late Legislature For
the Further Government of the Peo-
ple of Indiana—Concise Summary
For the Busy Reader.

With the close of the Sixty-seventh
General Assembly of the state of In-
diana, the following bills have re-
ceived the governor's signature and
will become laws upon their formal
promulgation:

SENATE BILLS.

18. Greenwall. The cold storage
bill. This is said to be the first bill
of its kind passed in any state of the
Union, and the food and drug authori-
ties of the state expect it to become
a model for other states. It limits to
nine months the time that food prod-
ucts may be kept in cold storage, and
provides for the labeling of cold stor-
age products when offered for sale,
at either wholesale or retail.

264. Harlan. Providing for accep-
tance of gift of Dr. Robert W. Long
and wife for hospital purposes at In-
dianapolis, and providing a fund of
\$25,000 annually for maintenance of
hospital in connection with Indiana
university school of medicine. A joint
resolution was adopted voting thanks
and appreciation to Dr. and Mrs. Long
for this gift.

228. Stotsenburg. Providing for
the commemoration of the 100th an-
niversary of the admission of Indiana
to the Union by the building of a pub-
lic library in Indianapolis, and creat-
ing a commission of four to make
necessary arrangements.

301. Parks. Providing that school
bonds issued for the construction of
new schoolhouses in all towns of from
500 to 2,000 population may run for
twenty years instead of ten years, as
the present law provides.

233. Beal. Giving railroad commis-
sion power to regulate the size of ca-
booses and regulate their construction,
providing that caboose cars shall be
not less than twenty-four feet in
length.

16. Grube. Providing that when a
candidate for county superintendent
has received one-half the number of
votes of trustees, the county auditor
thenceforth is entitled to vote.

113. Stotsenburg. Providing for the
appointment of a locomotive inspector
by the railroad commission of Indiana
and regulating conditions of safety
and sanitation in locomotives.

21. Hauck. Regulating the incor-
poration of banks, and providing that
all bonds of state banks shall be filed
with the auditor of state instead of
with the secretary of state.

432. Yarling. Providing that the
judge of the Marion superior court,
Room 5, shall hold court in Shelby-
ville, Shelby county, four terms of five
weeks each.

212. Stotsenburg. Amending teach-
ers' salary law to give teachers ex-
empt from license equality with those
holding license for three years or
more.

62. Netterville. Anti-garnishee
law, making it unlawful for persons
to buy or sell claims against which
judgments may be entered in another
state.

28. McCarty. Providing for the
sanitary construction of school build-
ings and providing for the free medi-
cal examination of school children.

37. Stotsenburg. Providing for
prisoners serving life sentences in Jeffer-
sonville reformatory being taken to
the state prison at Michigan city.

23. Kistler. Providing for the ap-
pointment of additional bank exam-
iners and permitting the removal of
examiners by the state auditor.

183. Parks. Providing that cities
may issue bonds to take up floating
indebtedness caused by court judg-
ments against the city.

38. Stotsenburg. Providing for the
filling of vacancies in town offices by
election of town boards instead of by
general elections.

209. Wood. Authorizing railroad
companies to take stock in interurban
companies to facilitate the building of
union terminals.

76. Harlan. Authorizing the Indi-
anapolis school city to take over and
maintain the Winona Technical Insti-
tute.

2. Beal. Permitting change of venue
from superior courts to circuit court,
to obviate the need of special judges.

1. Akin. Creating a separate cir-
cuit court for Sullivan county, now in-
cluded with Greene, in one circuit.

251. Yarling. Providing that inter-
urbans shall provide waiting rooms in
cities of 4,800 population or more.

32. Proctor. Amending county op-
tion law by substituting city and town-
ship for county as units of option.

134. Royle. Amending the law gov-
erning the organization and perpetuity
of voluntary school associations.

tion of buildings, shall withhold suf-
ficient money to pay subcontractors
before the general contractor is paid;
providing also for making provision
in all public contracts for the payment
of labor performed while buildings are
under construction.

138. Stotsenburg. Providing that
political parties may adopt or reject
any proposed amendment to the con-
stitution and that such question may
be placed on the ballot to show wheth-
er any political party is favorable or
is opposed to such an amendment.

327. Proctor. Amending the town-
ship and city unit local option law
passed early in the session to clear up
a doubtful point in regard to elec-
tions in townships outside of cities,
where city and rural precincts meet.

350. Sullivan. Authorizing mining
and manufacturing companies to state
in their articles of incorporation
whether preferred stockholders shall
be entitled to a vote in the affairs of
the company.

275. Grube. Requiring examina-
tion of employees of railroads working
on section gangs and providing that
at least two men in each gang shall
understand the flagging system of the
railroad.

455. Clark. Authorizing the town-
ship advisory board of Center town-
ship, Marion county, to make appropri-
ations for office rent, attorney and
clerical help for the township trustee.

156. Strange. Amending road law
with a provision for building bridges
on highways forming boundary line
between counties where streams cross
such highways on the boundaries.

68. Sullivan. Providing for the ap-
pointment of guardians on application
to probate court without the necessity
of showing that persons for whom ap-
plication is made are insane.

163. Crumacker. Providing that
in cities of the fifth class where a
grade has once been established no
changes can be ordered until all dam-
ages are settled.

195. Netterville. Specifying a clear-
ance of twenty-one feet for wires and
obstructions crossing railway tracks
and regulating fastening of such ob-
structions.

236. Moore. Providing for clearing
present municipal corporation statutes
of ambiguity and defining the powers
of municipal corporations to incur
debts.

279. McCarty. Requiring county
treasurer to deduct the amount of delin-
quent taxes from any money owing
from the county to the delinquent.

378. Greenwell. Giving cities of
the second class same rights in estab-
lishing park systems as are accorded
to cities of the first class.

88. Wood. Providing for monthly
report to city controller by treasurer
in cities in which city and county
treasurers are the same.

290. Gavit. Empowering county
commissioners to build tunnels under
navigable waterways and public high-
ways in lieu of bridges.

214. Hauck. Regulating the trans-
fer of children from school corpora-
tions in Indiana to similar corpora-
tions outside the state.

388. Stotsenburg. Defining danger-
ous employments and defining duties
of owners and managers of buildings
being built or rebuilt.

229. Netterville. Regulating the
construction of telephone and tele-
graph wires across railroad and inter-
urban tracks.

90. Fleming. Increasing the salary
of county commissioners in Allen, Ma-
rion, Vigo, Lake and St. Joseph coun-
ties.

340. Harlan. Reducing the limit of
the Indianapolis general tax levy from
90 cents, the present limit, to 75 cents.

288. Higgins. Legalizing the for-
mation of corporations to perpetuate
the memory of soldiers and sailors.

55. Gavit. Providing mortgages
and deeds shall be recorded within
three days instead of forty-five days.

207. Proctor. Prescribing the kind
of danger signal posts to be placed at
railway and interurban crossings.

147. Kane. Allowing issuance of
partial payment monthly to contrac-
tors for work done on sewers.

213. Hanna. Giving the railroad
commission of Indiana additional pow-
ers in examining witnesses.

260. Kistler. Providing for the re-
pair of free gravel roads by boards of
county commissioners.

20. Harlan. Against threatening or
punishing prisoners to extort confes-
sions. "Third degree" bill.

208. Proctor. Requiring railroads
to report fatal accidents by telegraph
to the railroad commission.

154. Stotsenburg. Legalizing the
incorporation of the town of Silver
Grove, Floyd county.

137. Stotsenburg. Legalizing the
incorporation of the town of Green-
ville, Floyd county.

155. Stotsenburg. Legalizing the
incorporation of the town of George-
town, Floyd county.

217. Proctor. Requiring that rail-
roads equip locomotives with automa-
tic bell ringers.

87. Wood. Raising the pay of po-
lice officers in cities of 10,000 to 35,
000 population.

27. McCarty. Providing for the medi-
cal inspection of all school children
in the state.

30. Powers. For the protection of
certain fur-bearing animals. "Skunk"
bill.

29. Moore. Legalizing debts made
by trustees in building schoolhouses.

78. Hanna. Legalizing the incor-
poration of the town of Clayton.

328. Proctor. Providing for storm
windows for locomotives.

94. Curtis. Providing a fee of \$2 a
day for struck jurors.

70. Clark. Requiring a full crew on
switching engines.

454. Greenwell. Protecting county
auditors against any civil or criminal

liability by reason of any warrants
issued by them in good faith upon the
authority of boards of commissioners
or judgments of courts.

407. Stotsenburg. The governor's
bill amending the state constitution
and providing methods to place the
provisions of it before the people for
ratification or rejection at the general
election in 1912.

128. Parks. To provide for the re-
imbursements of county treasurers
out of general county funds when mon-
ey has been spent for traveling ex-
penses in collecting taxes outside of
county seats.

124. Jackson. Amending section of
an act concerning proceedings in civil
cases which provide no distinction in
pleading and practice between actions
at law and suits in equity.

420. Stotsenburg. Providing for a
re-extension of time in which to file a
bill of exceptions when court report-
ers are not able to furnish transcripts
in time first set.

349. Grube. Providing that teach-
ers having been engaged in teaching
school for six years need not take an
examination at specified times as now
required by law.

313. Commons. Authorizing churches
having burial grounds to abandon said
grounds and cause removal of bodies
when the cemetery is located within a
city or town.

196. Netterville. Specifying a clear-
ance of twenty-one feet for wires and
obstructions crossing railway tracks
and regulating fastenings of such ob-
structions.

210. Wood. Permitting townships
to refund their indebtedness upon the
same basis as present law allows cit-
ies and towns to accomplish such pur-
poses.

185. Kistler. Providing for pay-
ment by county commissioners for
certain expenses incident to the con-
struction of free gravel and turnpike
roads.

400. Tilden. Replacing senate bill
318. Regarding the selection of uni-
form system of determining real es-
tate valuation by the various counties.

329. Kistler. Providing for the
adoption of a dependent child through
application to circuit or superior court
instead of only through probate court.

43. Traylor. The corrupt practices
act, limiting the amount of campaign
contributions and prohibiting corpora-
tions from making such contributions.

109. Yarling. Amending public ac-
counting law to provide that prosecu-
tions may be instituted by local prose-
cutors instead of attorney general.

33. Royle. Providing for the in-
spection of building and loan associa-
tions by the state auditor and codifi-
cation of building and loan laws.

175. Stotsenburg. Providing that
the physician at the Indiana state
prison shall be also the physician at
the state hospital for the insane.

161. Durre. Amending present
laws by giving county commissioners
right to relocate any telephone or tel-
egraph pole on public highways.

438. Stotsenburg. Extending the
time of probate, juvenile and superior
court judges in Marion county to make
elections come in "off" years.

122. Hauck. Defining the duties of
county commissioners in issuing bonds
and levying taxes in cases where pub-
lic highways are concerned.

73. Farrell. Providing for a stay
of execution of bail on appeal to the
supreme court when persons have
been found guilty of crime.

356. Greenwell. Putting county su-
perintendents on a straight salary ba-
sis and allowing them \$100 annually
for traveling expenses.

272. Traylor. Providing that condi-
tional sale of railway rolling stock
may be extended to fifteen years in-
stead of ten years.

365. Proctor. Conferring addition-
al right of eminent domain on rail-
roads for the purpose of improving
right of way.

153. Royle. Amending laws relat-
ing to sewer payments so that abut-
ting property owners stand the ex-
pense.

399. Sullivan. Increasing the salary
of assessor Center township, In-
dianapolis, from \$2,500 to \$3,500 a
year.

44. Wood. Requiring railroad com-
panies to pay damages caused by
sparks from engines along right of
way.

165. Gavit. Providing for an in-
crease in salaries of clerks and sher-
iffs in Lake, Vigo and Madison coun-
ties.

245. Harlan. Raising tax in the
city of Indianapolis from 4 cents to 6
cents for track elevation purposes.

246. Stotsenburg. Providing that
in petitions for roads there shall be
three reviewers, instead of two.

179. Traylor. Legalizing warrants
issued by township trustees on author-
ity of township advisory boards.

424. Hibberd. Readjusting the sal-
aries of clerk, auditor and treasurer
of St. Joseph county.

202. Clark. Increasing the salary
of the clerk of Marion county from
\$19,500 to \$31,000.

385. Royle. Compelling railroad
companies to erect suitable stations
in certain cities.

60. Kistler. Protecting hotel keep-
ers and persons in similar occupations
from deadbeats.

152. Parke. Authorizing trustees
to use schoolhouses which have been
donated.

187. Beal. Providing for popular
election of school trustees in Terre
Haute.

144. Greenwell. Fixing the salary
of the auditor of Allen county at \$10,
000.

29. Strange. Eminent domain for
historic purposes.

192. Beal-Shively employers' Hab-
ity act.

268. Royle. Providing for an in-

crease in the salaries of prosecutors
and their deputies in Allen, Lake, Vigo
and St. Joseph counties.

6. Clark. The election registration
act, providing for the registration of
voters at stated intervals before any
general or city election.

127. Kistler. Providing for the
payment of salaries of special judges
in change of venue cases at the same
rate as the regular judges.

197. Ratts. Providing for deposit-
ing township funds in banks outside
townships when no bank exists within
the township.

116. Royle. Directing county au-
ditors to draw warrants for claims
duly allowed by board of county com-
missioners.

320. Trautman. Permitting elec-
tric railway company to contract with
hydraulic companies for supplying
electricity.

47. Yarling. Providing for the ap-
pointment by the governor of a com-
mission to investigate industrial edu-
cation.

244. Proctor. Restrictive and regu-
lative act, prescribing regulations for
the operation of saloons in Indiana.

174. Stotsenburg. Providing for the
release of all funds set aside for the
use of cemeteries from taxation.

125. Himmel. Permits city treas-
urers in towns and cities that are not
county seats to collect city taxes.

HOUSE BILLS.

274. Clore. To consolidate farm-
ers' institutes and the extension de-
partment of Purdue university, an act
for the improvement and advancement
of agriculture, domestic science and
rural life by the dissemination of in-
formation relative to agriculture, do-
mestic science and rural life among
the people of the state.

68. Strickland. To enlarge the
eligible list of applicants for admission
to the State Soldiers' and Sailors' Or-
phan's Home at Knightstown, admit-
ting orphans of regular army soldiers
and grandchildren of civil war veter-
ans whose parents are dead or who
are unable to take care of them.

401. Billman. Providing that grad-
uates of noncommissioned high
schools shall have equal standing with
graduates of commissioned schools in
the matter of obtaining licenses to
teach in the public schools.

30. Van Horne. Providing for two
additional superior court judges in
Lake county, one additional for Ham-
mond and one to divide his time be-
tween Hammond and Crown Point.

6. Colvert. To require all railroads
to stop at least two regular trains
each way, if that many are run, at
county seats having a population of
1,000 or more.

176. Van Horne. To legalize rec-
ords of conveyance, now recorded in
proper offices, where acknowledgments
were made by officials not having offi-
cial seals.

20. Stevens. To provide for the
maintenance and repair of drains and
ditches and providing for lien on
ground for pay for drain tile.

164. Sunkel. Regulating fees for
justices of the peace and constable in
felony cases where preliminary exam-
inations are held.

64. Thornton. Authorizing boards
of trustees in small towns to fill va-
cancies among officials without calling
a special election.

147. Foor. Requiring payment of
salaries weekly to employees of mines
and manufactories and to prevent the
issuing of script.

186. Corr. (request). Appropriating
\$12,000 for encasing the state's battle
flags, recently prepared for preserva-
tion.

130. Cohee. To give clerks the
right to cancel outstanding city and
town orders issued but never called
for.

189. Sunkel. Providing that coun-
ties with population from 75,000 to
150,000 may have probate commis-
sioner.

47. Voris. Regulating the invest-
ment of funds held by insurance, cas-
ualty, bonding and surety companies.

178. Seidensticker. Concerning
reciprocity agreements with other
states in relation to registered nurses.

173. Cravens. Appropriating \$103,
000 to redeem state fair ground live
stock pavilion bonds and pay interest.

32. Grieger. Requiring the unloading
of passengers on mixed trains be-
fore doing any switching.

223. Lieb. Authorizing cities of the
fifth class to dispose of park lands for
courthouse purposes.

69. Cravens. To levy a tax of 1 1/2
cents for the state debt sinking fund
for 1912 and 1913.

228. Sunkel. Legalizing redemp-
tion of road receipts and providing for
such redemption.

440. McMullen. Regulating settle-
ment of county treasurers with the
auditor of state.

152. McMullen. Providing for the
purchase of toll roads and their main-
tenance as free gravel roads.

175. Grimmer. Providing for dis-
posal of cases on dockets at the close
of court term.

158. McClew. Changes library law
to permit assessments in adjoining
townships.

316. Oldaker. Authorizing cities
and towns to buy lands for school
purposes.

7. Higgins. To fix the time of hold-
ing court in the Twenty-first judicial
circuit.

87. Sunkel. Fixing the time for
holding court in the Parke-Vermillion
circuit.

115. Benz. Fixing the time for
holding court in the Third judicial dis-
trict.

258. Ault. Providing for recount at
elections where voting machines are
used.

641. Cravens. Providing for a com-

mission to visit San Francisco-Pan-
ama-Pacific exposition ground and re-
port to legislature in 1913 on advisa-
bility of erecting Indiana building at
exposition.

607. Seidensticker. Providing that
payments made under the acts of 1909
authorizing a tax in support of the
John Herron art institute in Indian-
apolis shall be valid.

301. Cravens. Empowering boards
of county commissioners to retire and
recall unsold bonds issued for road
building and to issue other bonds.

56. Foor. The board of health act
providing for the care of the eyes of
children at birth by requiring the use
of an antiseptic wash.

494. Strickland. Requiring county
commissioners to compel surveyor to
draw plans for bridges instead of em-
ploying an engineer.

292. Lyon. Giving power to rail-
road commission to select date at
which increased railroad tariffs shall
be in effect if at all.

116. Guild. To discontinue school
boards in towns under 1,500 and place
property and control of schools with
township trustee.

35. Keegan. The child labor bill,
regulating the hours and manner of
employment of children under sixteen
years of age.

548. Van Horne. To prevent Ham-
mond, East Chicago, Whiting and Gary
from annexing each other without a
vote.

616. Cook. To allow high schools
to continue longer terms than inter-
mediate grades in certain townships.

218. Wise. To regulate benevolent
institutions and provide for educa-
tional facilities for children therein.

375. Butcher. To provide for Indi-
ana to participate in the fiftieth an-
niversary of the battle of Gettysburg.

417. Stevens. Requiring the ap-
pointment of probate commissioner in
counties of over 7,000 population.

312. McGinnis. Requiring justice
of the peace to notify prosecuting at-
torney at trial of criminal cases.

98. Veach. To shorten the resi-
dence qualification of library trustee
from five years to one year.

501. Branaman. Providing for the
appointment of a summary court for
trial of enlisted army men.

233. Duncan. To empower town-
ship trustees to appropriate money to
erect soldiers' monuments.

653. Strickland. Extending the
scope of legislative reference depart-
ment of the state library.

268. Williams. To reimburse

Richart's Remodeling Sale

We are compelled to have more room before we take over the room which has been occupied by the Richart Shoe Store. In order to clean up our entire stock, we offer values less than manufacturer's prices on

SUITS, OVERCOATS, ODD PANTS, WOOL SHIRTS AND HATS.

We will not give prices in this paper, but will give you prices on the goods at our store.

RICHART

GAME OF AFRICA TO ROAM WEST

Hunting Party to Stock Arid Plains of America.

MAJOR BURNHAM IN CHARGE.

Yankee Who Is Veteran of Boer War Thinks Giant Eland, Tiny Dikdik, Klipspringer and Other Varieties Will Serve to Replenish Wasting Supply For Sportsmen.

A novel game expedition has left New York for East Africa, the members of which intend to capture wild animals alive and transport them to this country to turn them loose in the arid plains of the southwest and in the ranges of the Rockies, where it is hoped they will breed game for the sportsmen of future generations.

Major Frederick Russell Burnham is the leader of the expedition. He formerly held a commission as major in the British army and was chief of scouts under Lord Roberts in the Boer war. He was born in America and has never relinquished his American citizenship. Other members of the party are Harris Hammond, son of John Hays Hammond, and John Bick, a brother-in-law of Major Burnham.

Bright Future For Sportsmen. If their purpose be realized future American sportsmen will be able to chase the elusive eland across the Rockies, stalk the gemsbok on the arid plains of Arizona or take pot shots at the tiny dikdik on the Texas prairies.

Major Burnham asserts that his own interest in the expedition is purely patriotic.

"Though I have held a major's commission in the British army," he says, "I have always retained my American citizenship, and I intend to devote the remainder of my life, if need be, to an object which I believe will be largely beneficial to the country—to plant in the waste places of the west and southwest herds of game and food animals which shall take the places of the nearly extinct bison, elk and other native game."

"We shall import chiefly the antelopes, of which Africa has hundreds of varieties, most of which can be adapted to one part or another of America. There is the dikdik, for example, the smallest of the deer family. It stands less than a foot high and weighs from six to ten pounds. The flesh is delicious, and the hide tans into leather as fine as kid."

Many Suitable For America. "At the other extreme there is the giant eland, largest of antelopes, weighing sometimes as much as 1,500 pounds. The eland can go far from water and would stock many an arid range in the west if it had a chance. The klipspringer, another antelope, not unlike the chamois, would be perfectly at home in the Rocky mountains. Then for the swamps of Louisiana and Texas the waterbuck and reedbuck would be perfectly adaptable."

"In a sense this is an experiment. When you come to think of it, not one of our food animals is native to this continent. The horse, common cattle, sheep and hog were all brought over from Europe. More recently some very successful experiments have been made in importing foreign animals."

"Some years ago some one turned loose a herd of camels in the Arizona desert. They thrived and increased until some smart Yankee caught all the females and sold them to a circus. I remember helping to capture one of these camels when I was a boy. That was the beginning of my interest in foreign animals."

Major Burnham is about fifty years old, but strong and hearty as a youth.

DREADDOUGHTS ARE DOOMED.

Semi-submersibles, Torpedo Proof, the Coming Battleships.

Westcott Abell, professor of naval architecture at the University of Liverpool, in a lecture predicted the abandonment of heavy plating above the water line of warships and the eventual disappearance of the Dreadnought type.

The future battleship, he said, would be an oil driven, semi-submersible protected by a thick horizontal deck and underwater armor strong enough to resist torpedoes. It would be armed with big guns on high towers, would have submerged torpedo tubes and be difficult to hit or sink.

SQUIRRELS DAMAGE PHONES.

Kansas Town's Pets Dine Heartily on Insulation.

Because squirrels, pets of the town, had nibbled the insulation off the telephone wires and bitten into the cables 460 telephones in Hutchinson, Kan., were out of commission recently during a storm.

Linemen and electricians worked all day in the storm and succeeded in having all but 125 of the phones in operation by evening. Wherever they had eaten the insulation from wires or eaten into the cables the rain caused trouble.

Rouen Relies on Navigation.

The river Seine, with its branches and canals, connects the city of Rouen with one-fifth of the total area of France and with one-third its population.



SPRING with its unfolding buds and radiant blooms, is heralded by the many new things now being shown in nearly every department of this great store. In planing for your spring outfit for home or person it will be well to keep in mind the unquestioned advantages afforded by Southern Indiana's Greatest Store. We are not content simply because we have been recognized for years as the leading store of the southern part of the state, but we are doing more than ever to enlarge our store service and increase our facilities for the quick and satisfactory handling of our steadily growing volume of business; in a word, we are not only abreast, but ahead of the ordinary standards of modern department stores.

Early showing of spring apparel

The suit and coat section begins to take on new color as the daily arrival of new suits, coats, dresses and waists fills the racks and cases lately vacated by winter wearables. These are among the new things:

Some of the new suits

Suits of blue serge and gray and tan mannish mixtures, also plain tailored and braided; a large collection to choose from. \$10.00 \$12.50 and \$15.00

Gray English worsted and blue serge suits, jackets lined with beautiful pean de cygne, in Persian and oriental patterns, embroidered collar and cuffs; skirts plain enough to be practical garments, conform to fashion, but full enough to be practical garments. \$20.00 and \$25.00

Black and white suits, coat of heavy black satin, with wide sailor collar, skirt of small checked shepard plaid, trimmed with black satin fold around the bottom.

Misses' suits, in jaunty, spring styles, pretty gray and blue suits— \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$15.00



New full length spring coats

A good representation of the newest models of full-length, semi-fitted coats for spring. Come in serges, Eng-trees and light weight mannish suits, in blue, gray and tan. A feature is the large sailor collar, in some coats of moire. \$8.98, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00

New spring dresses

Some very pretty models of tulle, foulards, crepe met-eor, crepe de chine, marquisette, voile and wool challis. A dress for every occasion, very reasonably priced.

New millinery in evidence

Here are spring hats—of net or stylish rough straw, with flower trimmings, delightfully pitched to the note of spring; some with all-flower crowns. The simple addition of one of these smart mid-season hats will freshen the half-worn winter costume.

Plenty of roses among the flower hats. On the satin hats—wings and quills and such pretty devices. Ribbons, too—it's to be a great ribbon spring in millinery.

At \$1.00 we now offer all remaining winter hats, trimmed with ribbons, flowers and feathers, values up to \$12.00, to go quickly, now at... \$1.00

GOLD MINE DEPARTMENT STORE

THOUGHT HE WAS DRUNK.

And the Judge Agreed That Jock's Diagnosis Was Correct.

Jock McCraw, a hard headed, non-committal Scotch farmer, was summoned to court, a witness in a case the evidence of which hinged upon the state of sobriety of the defendant.

"I dinna think he wis dr-unck," testified Jock. "I think he wis only fu'."

"Ah," said the judge, with interest, "then you can distinguish between being 'fu' and 'drunk'?"

"Aye, Mony's th' time I hae been fu', but I wis dr-unck only yince."

"Most interesting. This seems to have a most important bearing on the present case. Just relate your experience."

"Well, responded McCraw, "it wis like this: Aye day I wis at th' market. The day's trade wis extra guid. Efter it wis a' over I had a drappie w' a wheen auld frens. Then we had a bit sang an' anither drappie. Efter an' hoor-aveel, ye ken hoo it wis, yer honor—I mounted Meg, ma auld mear, tae gang hame. I had often been fu', as I wis tellin' ye, but Meg had aye taken me hame safely. This time I tummelt aff an' fell intae th' burn (brook). When Meg cam' up tae th' door wi'oot me, ma wife beguid tae screech, 'Jock's deid—Jock's deid!' Gatherin' a' th' farm hams, th' hale pack o' them cam' rinnin' doon th' lane. Ma guid wumman saw me lyin' in th' bit burn an' fell ower in a fent efter cryin' oot. 'Oh, ma puir Jock's drooned!' Well, sir, when they cam' up there wis I lyin' in th' edge o' th' burn, th' watter lappin' up aboot my lugs (ears), an' me shakin' ma heid an' sayin': 'Nae mair, thank ye; nae mair, thank ye. I've had enouch.' I think I wis drunk that time."

"Yes," agreed the judge, "I think you were."

Theology and the Leech.

There is a waterfall near Coonoor, in India, which some writer christened Leech falls. It abounded in leeches, which had a habit of attaching themselves to the skirts of ladies who passed across the marshy ground. "I remember on one occasion," says an English official, "when I had taken some of my friends to see it, that one impulsive lady, looking round at the beautiful spot, exclaimed, 'Is this heaven, or—after a short pause, during which she became suddenly aware that a leech had attacked her—or the other place?'"

Hard to Please.

Early in the season a man applied at a farmhouse for board, but the farmer slowly shook his head. "I'd be glad to keep you," he said, "but city people are too hard to please."

"I am not at all exacting," the applicant replied. "You will find no difficulty in pleasing me."

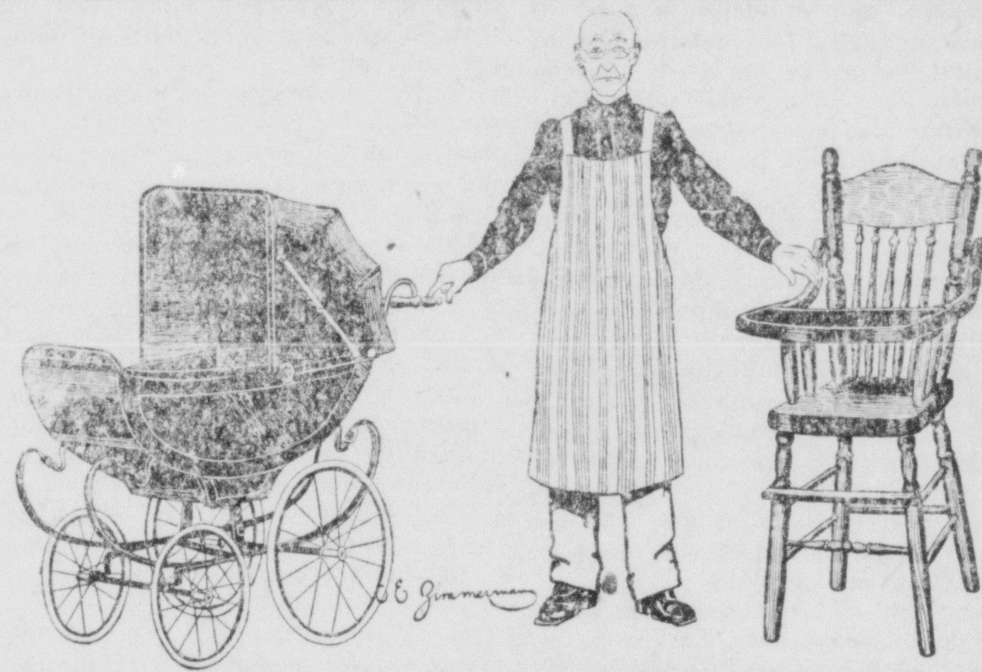
"That's what the last man who came along here said, but it wasn't so. Fact is nothing pleased him. First he complained about sleeping in a bed with the hired man, and when we gave him a bed to himself in a room with four of the children he was still dissatisfied."

"Then he didn't like to use the towel we all used, and he wanted a wash basin in his room. Nothing suited him at all. I don't know whether you would be so hard to please or not."

"Well," the city man said, "perhaps I'd better not chance it."

The Bergamot Tree.

There is but one spot in the world where the bergamot tree can be cultivated with profit, a fact of some importance, since its essence is indispensable in the manufacture of numerous perfumes and medical preparations. The spot referred to is Reggio, in Calabria, that extremity of the Italian peninsula which is familiarly known as "the toe of the boot."



Copyright 1909, by C. E. Zimmerman Co., No. 34

The Old Cabinet Maker Says:

"That if we have babies in our homes, to make them comfortable and healthy, by providing them with the new and useful improvements in high chairs, go-carts and baby carriages.

We are splendidly stocked with beautiful goods in these lines and in order that you may have the opportunity to fill baby's needs properly they are priced at a very low margin of profit.

F.J. VOSS

SPRING NEWS

W. H. Reynolds has just received a big lot of lace curtains and draperies, embroideries, hosiery and underwear. Dress gingham, all the latest patterns. All spring goods.

Unusual Opportunity—A large line of samples of all kinds of carpets and floor coverings are carried; will take order and have carpet on floor within four days. By not having to carry a large line on hand, some of it for a long time, can furnish carpets of all styles and quality at prices much lower than are charged elsewhere. **LET ME SHOW THE SAMPLES, QUOTE YOU PRICES AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED.**

AGENT FOR THE PARISIANA AND G. D. JUSTRITE CORSETS. Two best makes. Prices from \$1.00 to \$3.00.

AGENT FOR PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS. GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

Agent for the Carson Poultry Tonic, wholesale and retail. Goods in stock.

A COMPLETE LINE OF GROCERIES AT BOTTOM PRICES.

W. H. REYNOLDS

SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET



If You Are Troubled with Rheumatism, Lumbago or aches and pains of any kind, try a

REX Porous Plaster

The best plaster for the worst pain.

FOR SALE BY
COX PHARMACY CO.
SEYMOUR, IND.

George F. Kamman

Licensed
Optician

EYES TESTED FREE

With T. M. JACKSON, 104
West Second Street

Joseph Hirtzell, Sr.

House Painting and Interior
Finishing. Graining a Specialty
Phone 502 Seymour Ind.

RAY R. KEACH'S COUNTRY STORE

Wholesome Coffee Compound

It takes one third less than any other coffee. Try it and see. Package 19c.

24 1/2 lb. sack of Pride of Holton Patent Flour only 55c.

Toilet Powders

Mennens, box.....15c
Colgates, box.....15c
Williams, box.....15c
Graham, box.....10c
L'lae Belle, box.....8c

Our 24 and 25c package coffees are the equal of most 28c and 30c grades.

Morning Sip

A Fragrant Substitute for Pure Coffee goes farther and costs you 15c a lb. only.

Best Red Riner Stock Seed Potatoes

Ohio per bu.....\$1.20
Rose per bu......90c
Early Triumph per bu.....\$1.35
Positively best seed to be had

Red Edge, Yellow Collar Pads, each 25c.

Fresh eggs per doz. 15c.

Rider's Class A Canned Goods

Hominy per can.....5c
Pumpkin per can.....7c
Kraut per can.....7c
2 lb. can Tomatoes...2 for 15c
3 lb. can Tomatoes...3 for 25c

Navy Beans per lb. 4c.

1 Gallon Bucket Best Corn Syrup for 25c.

Argo Starch, 3 boxes for 10c

ECLIPSE SHIRTS

Are made better, laundered better and cut larger than any other make—that is the reason we are giving them such prominence in our store.

Large spring line just received
White and colored.
Good time to buy.

THE HUB

Wall Paper

—AT—
T. R. CARTER'S

EVERY DAY IS BARGAIN DAY

Red Rose Flour per sack 55cts.

OTHER BARGAINS:

Brooms from	25 to 50	hub-No-More Soap, per bar	04
25 pounds Granulated Sugar	\$1.25	Sunny Monday Soap per bar	04
Bulk Sugar, per pound	.05	1 gallon best Syrup	28
New Navy Beans, 6 lbs for	.25	Large Can Milk	08
New Lima Beans	7 1-2	Small Can Milk	04
Evaporated Peaches, choice lb	.10	2 Cans Sugar Corn	15
New Figs, per pound	.15	Canned Peas, per can, 9 to	15
Loose Seedless Raisins, 3 lbs	.25	2 lb. can Succotash	10
Loose Muscatel Raisins, 3 lbs	.25	3 lb. can Beets	10
Fancy Apricots, per lb.	.18	Heinz Baked Beans	10 to 15
Whole-head Japan Rice	.05	Beechnut Baked Beans	10 to 15
Loose Rolled Oats, 3 lb. for	.10	Campbell Tobacco Catsup	10
Flake Hominy 3 lb for	.10	Pint Bottle Standard Catsup	10
Cracked Hominy, 2 lb.	.05	Peanut Butter, from 9 to	25
Shelled Popcorn, 3 lb.	.10	1 lb. Jar Sliced Bacon	25
Lump Starch, 2 lb.	.05	Fine Bulk Coffee, from 20 to	28
Corn Starch, per package	.05	Dry Salt Jowl Bacon, lb	12 1-2
Searchlight Matches, 3 boxes	.10	Smoked Jowl Bacon lb	12 1-2
Lenox Soap, 3 bars	.10	Country Bacon lb.	15

MAYES' Cash Grocery

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

**YOU GET WHAT
YOU WANT WHEN
YOU ASK FOR IT HERE**

LOST—Charm off of necklace. Reward. Return here.
m118.

WANTED—3 pupil nurses at Columbus Hospital. Applicants must be between ages of 21 and 30. Address Miss Dietz, Columbus Hospital. MSd.

WANTED—Position as farm hand, sober, 25 years old. H. Beegle, Beech Grove, Ind. d&w

FOR SALE OR TRADE—If you want to sell or trade anything, a want ad in this paper and 99 others in Indiana, Illinois and Ohio will find your party. It will only cost you \$2.50 per line of 6 words, write us for list of papers. Austill Advertising Syndicate, Elwood, Indiana.

FOR SALE—Anyone wanting a lot in Laugel's addition will do well to see me within ten days, before further arrangements. Call 625 or see A. T. Foster. m15d

FOR SALE.—Any person desiring to buy lots in the Mars Hill factory addition, Indianapolis, can secure information from Congdon & Co., agents. m8d&w

FOR SALE—Good, new wagon with top, farm or delivery purposes. 10 East Second street. m10d

FOR SALE—Second hand Singer. Guaranteed and cheap. 103 Second m8d

FOR SALE—Fine organ, thoroughly overhauled, very cheap. John Eudaly. m8d

FOR SALE—Clover hay. Frank Heideman, R. F. D. 1, Seymour. m1ld

FOR RENT.—Four room house, in good repair, also large garden space. Inquire at 111 W. Laurel street. f28d1f

FOR RENT.—House, eight rooms, half or all. 113 E. Sixth street. J. L. Blair, 301 W. Second street. f17d1f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 207 Bruce street. m6d1f

EGGS.—From Single Comb White Orpington chickens, best winter layers, good size, don't fly over fence, very tame. For sale by H. P. Miller, Seymour. f17-23m3-9d

RUGS—Made from old carpets. Anna E. Carter, agent. Phone 564. m1eod-1f

PERSONAL.

Mrs. M. S. Blish was in Louisville today.

J. M. Fleetwood of Kurtz was here today.

L. A. Ebner went to Martinsville this morning.

Prof. F. W. Brown, of Franklin, visited here today.

H. C. Daggett made a business trip to Mitchell today.

F. C. Foster, of Brownstown, was here today on business.

Judge J. H. Shea was in Brownstown today holding court.

I. C. Parker went to Jeffersonville this morning to spend a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Crawford returned Tuesday from a visit in Bedford.

William Goecker, of Crothersville, was here this morning on business.

Mrs. Everett Holmes of Cortland, went to Columbus this morning to visit.

Judge O. H. Montgomery went to Brownstown this morning to attend court.

Dan Ward of the I. & L. Traction Company, was here from Scottsburg this morning.

George I. Davis, of Reddington, left Tuesday for Florida where he will remain several weeks.

John Casey, of St. Louis, is visiting his parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. M. Casey, for several days.

Mrs. Zelma Leas and Miss Pauline Schneider went to Louisville to attend the millinery opening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wash Smith of Medora, were here this morning returning from a trip to Columbus.

Mrs. Wise, of Kentucky, who came to attend the funeral of Casper Schaefer, left for home today.

F. W. Wesner and J. H. Kamman, went to Brownstown this morning to look after some legal business.

John Mayberry, who has been visiting relatives at Brownstown for several days, returned to his home in Marion Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Borchering and daughter left this morning for their home in Manitou, Canada, after a visit of several months with relatives here and at Vallonia.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor Thompson, of Fairfield, Ky., who have been visiting at F. P. Green's, went to Louisville today. Mrs. Thompson will return to Seymour this evening to remain some time.

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS.

Columbus Talbot has given up his position as clerk in the Rittenhouse drug store. He went to Indianapolis for a visit and may leave later for the southwest where he lived for several years.

The Jackson county Sunday School convention will be held at Surprise March 15 and 16. An excellent program has been prepared and several hundred visitors are expected to attend.

A party of B. & O. officials from Cincinnati and Baltimore were here today in a special train. General Manager Galloway, General Freight Agent McLaughlin and several others from the traffic department were in the party.

The seventeen-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Flinn, who live on the Devil's Backbone, east of Tunnelton, is at the city hospital where an operation was performed on him Monday afternoon by Dr. Simpson for hair lip.—Bedford Democrat.

The Finished Part.

A reporter was once sent around to make some inquiries concerning a new play that David Belasco was engaged in writing.

"Yes," said David, "I am writing a play. What do you want to know about it?"

"Anything you can tell me will be interesting," was the reply.

"Well," was Belasco's response, "it is to have four acts and three intermissions, and I've just finished the intermissions."

Gastronomic Surprises.

The old newspaper man standing along the curb reminisced thuswise:

"Ever know Scotty McLennon? I don't know why I should speak of him now, except that if he were here he would probably have with him a Scotch remark or two that might help to pass the time.

"Scotty used to work here on the old Report. I remember when he had his first taste of caviare. He bit into it, spat it out and then said:

"'Gad, mon, but your blackberry jam is bitter!"

"Somewhat similar in viewpoint was his remark about horseradish. He took a mouthful and, with tears rolling down his cheeks, said:

"'That's hotter oatmeal than we have in Scotland!' — San Francisco Chronicle.

Want Ads in the Republican get Results

MEN WHO SEE THESE New Spring Clothes

are sure to want to buy. Never have you seen more handsome styles. They are different yet dignified, plain but rich, conservative but distinctive. They are sure to please you when you see them and they are so tailored that when you have worn them, your opinion of them will be strengthened still more.

Confirmation Suits are here.

**YOU MAY NOT WANT TO BUY
NOW BUT YOU CERTAINLY
SHOULD SEE THEM NOW.**

**Adolph Steinwedel
Clothing Co.**

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robt. Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	Max.	Min.
March 8, 1911	57	42

The Planet Mars.

The planet Mars resembles the earth more closely than any other unit of the solar system that we know anything about. Mars is smaller than the earth, and its specific gravity is less. Its atmosphere is rarer than that on the highest mountains. It has probably no oceans and very little free water, except in spring, when the snow melts.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*

NEW TIN SHOP

We have opened a tin shop at 121-123 South Chestnut St. in the rear of Willman's Furniture Store, where we are prepared to do all kinds of slate and metal roofing, guttering, spouting and also general repairing. We solicit your patronage.

J. H. POLLERT and
G. F. HOEVENER.
Phone 35.

A. SCIARRA

14 East Second Street.
Third Door West of Interurban Station.
The Ladies and Gents Tailoring house have the Spring and Summer Samples ready for your inspection with the prices as low as ready-made garments. Fit and workmanship guaranteed. Also cleaning, pressing, etc.
PHONE 92.



WE ARE ON THE HUNT

for the man who thinks all coal is alike. If you are he, we want you to give us a chance to show you your mistake. Our coal is the free burning, no clinker kind that gives the most heat with the lightest coal. Order a ton and note how far it goes.

Raymond City Coal per ton \$4.00
Ebner Ice and Cold Storage Co.
Phone No. 4.

We Are Now Booking

Orders for eggs of Light Brahma Chickens, 15 eggs for \$1.50. We also have two Brahma Cockerels for sale.

Eggs from our Fawn and White Indian Runner Ducks for sale. We also book orders now and fill orders on two or three days' notice.

Prices quoted when desired.
Platter & Co.
Seymour, Ind.



**WILL THE FUTURE
FIND THE WORLD
WITHOUT LUMBER?
SCIENTISTS SAY SO, BUT AS
YET THE DANGER POINT
IS NOT NEAR. WE
ARE STILL SELLING
GOOD PINE LUMBER AND
CAN SUPPLY YOUR NEEDS.
SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.
419 S. Chestnut St.**

DR. G. W. FARVER,

Practice Limited to
DISEASES OF THE EYE.
Room 2 Andrews-Schwenk Block,
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.
Office Hours: 8-12 a. m., 1-5, 7-8 p. m.
Phone 147
GLASSES FITTED.

H. F. BROWN, M. D. C. VETERINARIAN

Office: Hopewell's Brick Barn.
Phones: Office No. 226, Residence No. 179.
Calls answered promptly.

CONGDON & DURHAM, Fire, Tornado, Liability, Accident and Sick Benefit INSURANCE

Real Estate, Rental Agency
Prompt Attention to All Business

Marquett & Marquett

Contractors and Painters
Always Give Satisfaction.
Telephone Number 157.

SEYMOUR TAILORS

Ladies' Suits, Cloaks and Skirts
Alteration Free, Pressing and Dry Cleaning a Specialty. F. SCIARRA, Prop.
3rd and Chestnut Sts., Seymour

Fire, Lightning, Tornado and Automobile Insurance

Phone 244
G. L. HANCOCK, Agt.
SEYMOUR, IND.

Keep your time piece right during 1911. Our specialty is caring for watches. If they do not run correctly bring them here. J. G. LAUPUS, The Jeweler. Examiner of watches for B. & O. R. R.

SPRING is the season or all seasons for a man's furnishings. The important part of a man's spring outfit is his "togger." It's a pretty tie, the neat shirt, the correct collar and the right hosiery that does more than anything else to distinguish a man as a good dresser.

Our furnishing department is the pride of our store. Everything that is correct, smart and right is here. Most good dressers come here for their toggery.

Thomas Clothing Co.

LAWYERS FIND QUIBBLE POINT

The Two Proctor Laws Apparently
Contradictory.

LICENSE RENEWALS INVOLVED

Inquiries Being Made at the Governor's Office From All Parts of the State Bearing on Apparent Conflict Between Renewal Clause in Liquor Regulation Law and Corr Amendment to the Local Option Law.

Indianapolis, March 8.—An interesting question which is engaging the attention of attorneys interested in liquor regulation has arisen over what to some appears to be a conflict between the renewal clause in the Proctor liquor regulation bill and the Corr amendment to the Proctor local option measure, which provides that for the purposes of the option act all applications for renewal of licenses shall be considered the same as new applications for licenses. At first glance some attorneys have said that the Corr amendment would operate to give boards of county commissioners greater opportunity to reduce the number of existing saloons in wet territory to one to every 500 population, or, if they chose, one to every 1,000, irrespective of the clause in the regulation measure, which provides that no person holding a license when the regulation measure went into effect shall be deprived of his license because of the restrictive measure as concerns population.

The Corr amendment throwing restrictions about renewals, it has been pointed out, would prevent many renewals, and thus would tend to reduce the number of saloons to the ratio fixed by law.

It has been pointed out also that if the option act was signed before the regulatory measure the renewal provisions of the regulatory measure would repeal those of the option act and vice versa.

A Question of Precedence.

Both the bills were signed on the same afternoon by the governor and both were deposited with the secretary of state at the same time. The records in the office, however show that the regulation measure immediately preceded the option measure in the report to the senate and on the receipt signed by the secretary of state.

It is held by some attorneys that the phrase in the option law, "for the purposes of this act," will prevent the operation of the option measure to reduce the number of saloons in any wet center. The only means by which the number of saloons can be reduced, it is held, will be by holders of licenses going out of business of their own accord without disposing of their licenses, or by the refusal of the county commissioners to renew licenses for any of the conditions set out in the regulatory measure, such as failure to qualify as a citizen, failure to qualify under the clause regulating the issuance of persons convicted of a felony, or failure to qualify under the clause regulating the issuance or renewal of licenses to persons convicted of violation of the state liquor laws.

Governor Flooded With Inquiries.

It seems that the impression has gone abroad over the state that under the Corr amendment a board of county commissioners can summarily reduce the present number of saloons in any wet center to the limit prescribed by the regulation measure, but Senator Proctor, author of both measures, says that this is an erroneous belief, and that such reduction cannot be made. A great many letters have been received at the office of the governor inquiring which of the bills was first signed, the purpose of writers, it is said, being to invoke the Corr amendment to reduce the number of saloons, if possible.

None of the attorneys approached with the question would venture an opinion on the matter, all saying that they had not studied the two measures fully. Most of them were inclined to the belief, however, that the phrase, "for the purposes of this act," as contained in the option law, would preclude its operation to reduce the number of existing saloons.

Additional Bills Signed.

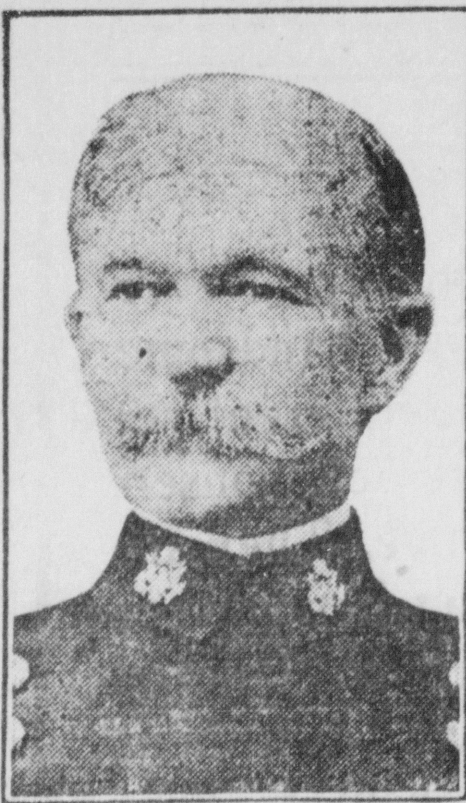
Though the governor was well up with the assembly in the matter of signing bills when the legislature adjourned Monday night, a number of bills remained over. The following house bills have since been signed:

Giving the state board of tax commissioners power to establish values of express company stock for assessment purposes; providing for remonstrances in street, alley and sidewalk improvements; establishing the right of heirs to property after absence of owner for five consecutive years; regulating the issuance of school bonds in cities of 100,000 population or more; providing for licensing nonresident fishermen and limiting the number of deputy game wardens to twenty-five; regulating the cleaning of ditches; defining the duties of state veterinarians, providing for an additional allowance to such officer, and providing for the registry of the sale of tuberculin.

Dr. Charles F. Aked has resigned as pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church at New York.

GEN. W. H. CARTER

In Charge of Troops Now
Being Mobilized in Texas.



PRESIDENT PAYS MR. BALLINGER TRIBUTE

Victim of An Unscrupulous Conspiracy, He Says.

Washington, March 8.—Richard A. Ballinger of the state of Washington will be succeeded as secretary of the interior in the Taft cabinet by Walter L. Fisher of Illinois. Announcement of Mr. Ballinger's resignation and the appointment of Mr. Fisher as his successor has been made at the White House. Mr. Ballinger will quit the interior department immediately upon the qualification of Mr. Fisher, who, according to statements made by the White House officials, will be inducted into office within the week.

Mr. Ballinger's retirement makes the first break in the Taft cabinet. Although it has been known for a long time that Ballinger had no intention of retaining the interior portfolio until the end of the administration, the announcement of the resignation at this time came as a surprise to official and political Washington.

The announcement of Ballinger's resignation came out in the form of correspondence that had passed between the president and the secretary of the interior. Mr. Taft's letter accepting the resignation is one of the warmest documents ever prepared at the White House. At the conclusion of a tribute to Mr. Ballinger's service for the administration, the president wrote this observation:

"I do not hesitate to say that you have been the object of one of the most unscrupulous conspiracies of the defamations of character that history can show."

The official correspondence shows that Secretary Ballinger handed a letter of resignation to President Taft on Jan. 19. The president refused to accept it at that time, suggesting that the matter be put over in any event until congress had adjourned. Mr. Ballinger ascribed ill-health as his reason for desiring to retire.

FISHER A CHICAGOAN

New Member of Cabinet Has Been Active in Public Work.

New York, March 8.—Walter Lowrie Fisher, the new secretary of the interior, has been in New York for several days attending meetings of the railway securities commission, of which he is a member. To reporters Mr. Fisher said: "I have no statement to make except that I have accepted this position with a deep appreciation of its obligations and its opportunities to accomplish practical and constructive work."

He will go home to Chicago next week for a few days of setting his house in order before returning to Washington to start work as a member of the cabinet.

Mr. Fisher was born in Wheeling, W. Va., on July 4, 1862. He is the son of Daniel Webster Fisher, who was president of Hanover college from 1879 to 1907, and an examiner of the United States mint. Walter Fisher was educated at Marietta and Hanover colleges. Since his admission to the bar in 1888 he has practiced law in Chicago. He was special assessment attorney of Chicago, secretary and then president of the Municipal Voters' League, and since 1906 special traction counsel of the city. He is vice president of the National Conservation association, president of the Conservation League of America, and vice president of the National Municipal League.

Their Honor Was Appeased.

Florence, March 8.—Count F. Di Bruno and Count Bastoni fought a duel with swords as the result of revelations made by Count Bastoni concerning Lieutenant Paterno, who recently murdered the Countess Di Sant Elia, and who was a close friend of Count Di Bruno. At the second assault Bastoni was wounded in the scalp, whereupon the antagonists announced that their honor was appeased and the men kissed and embraced.

Forced to Leave Home.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers, whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs, are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. There's a better way. Let Dr. King's New Discovery cure you at home. "It cured me of lung trouble," writes W. R. Nelson, of Calamine, Ark., "when all else failed and I gained 47 pounds in weight. Its surely the king of all cough and lung cures." Thousands owe their lives and health to it. It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds, Lagrippe, Asthma, Croup—all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c, and \$1. Trial bottle free at the Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the post office at Seymour, Indiana and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to dead letter office.

Ladies

Miss Margaretta Cordova.
Miss Blanche Coy.
Eva Hill.
Mrs. Effie Stogdill.
Mrs. Helen M. Swaller.
Mrs. Cordelia Thompson.
Mrs. Effie Weekly.

Men

Mr. James R. Chasteen.
Mr. John Compton.
Mr. J. S. Conroy.
Mr. Harry Higgins.
W. G. Jamison.
Mr. Al. Sherwood.

EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.

No Need to Stop Work.

When your doctor orders you to stop work, it staggers you. "I can't," you say. You know you are weak, run down, and failing in health, day by day, but you must work as long as you can stand. What you need is Electric Bitters to give tone, strength and vigor to your system, to prevent breakdown and build you up. Don't be weak, sickly or ailing when Electric Bitters will benefit you from the first dose. Thousands bless them for their glorious health and strength. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50c. at the Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

The Soft Answer.

"The sailor after a long voyage," said a naval officer, "went ashore in the tropics, and, it being a hot day, he drank in certain tropical bars too much beer. As the sailor lurched under his heavy load along a palm bordered avenue his captain hailed him indignantly.

"Look here," the captain said, "suppose you were my commander and you met me in such a condition as you're in now. What would you do to me?" "Why, sir," said the sailor, "I wouldn't condescend to take no notice of you at all, sir."

Not a Word of Scandal

marred the call of a neighbor on Mrs. W. P. Spangh, of Manville, Wyoming, who said: "She told me Dr. King's New Life Pills had cured her of obstinate kidney trouble and made her feel like a new woman." Easy, but sure remedy for stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Only 25c. at the Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Events That Pass Us By.

We can be but partially acquainted even with the events which actually influence our course through life and our final destiny. There are innumerable other events, if such they may be called, which come close upon us, yet pass away without actual results or even betraying their near approach by the reflection of any light or shadow across our minds. Could we know all the vicissitudes of our fortune life would be too full of hope and fear, exultation or disappointment to afford us a single hour of true serenity.—Hawthorne.

His Majesty's Lost Teeth.

One of the oddest adventures of a king's speech occurred in 1825, when, as we read in the new biography of Sir Woodbine Parish, King George had lost his false teeth and the lord chancellor, Eldon, who was strongly opposed to the policy the speech contained with regard to the recognition of the South America republics, was obliged to deliver it "with a very bad grace and no enthusiasm."

Two of a Kind.

"I hope you liked that pudding, Mr. S.," said the stern mother-in-law. "Poor, dear Clara took great pains with it."

"Did she?" exclaimed the son-in-law, with an expressive movement of his hand on his stomach. "So did I."

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 per year in advance. Single copies, 10c. Sold by all newsdealers.

UNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 525 F St., Washington, D. C.

JACOB M. DICKINSON

Secretary of War Having a
Right Busy Time Just Now.



WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather
New York.....	31	Cloudy
Boston.....	24	Clear
Denver.....	32	Cloudy
San Francisco 48		Cloudy
St. Paul.....	39	Clear
Chicago.....	34	Clear
Indianapolis... 35		Clear
St. Louis.....	46	Cloudy
New Orleans... 76		Clear
Washington... 39		Snow
Philadelphia... 30		Cloudy

Generally fair, warmer; Thursday unsettled.

ILLEGAL VOTERS GET REBUFF FROM COURT

Judge Blair's Disfranchisement Decisions Stand.

Columbus, O., March 8.—The supreme court has handed down a decision to the effect that Judge Blair's action in disfranchising the 1,100 voters in Adams county for selling their votes was legal. Some of the accused men brought the question to the supreme court, asserting the constitution was violated when they were deprived of the right to vote.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY

Liberty Man Shoots Sleeping Wife and Then Kills Himself.

Liberty, Ind., March 8.—Joseph Burgoyne of this city shot and killed his wife as she slept and then turned the weapon on himself and died instantly from a bullet wound in the head.

Burgoyne was known as a man of violent temper and was devoted to his wife, although unreasonably jealous of her.

Lord Marries Former Chorus Girl.

London, March 8.—Mrs. John A. Stirling, formerly Clara Elizabeth Taylor, the American chorus girl of Washington, D. C., whose divorce from Captain John A. Stirling, formerly of the Scots Guards, caused a sensation two years ago, was married at a registry office yesterday to Lord George Hugo Cholmondeley, second son of the Marquis of Cholmondeley.

Must Drape the Statues.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 8.—A resolution was unanimously adopted by the Buffalo aldermen that all nude statues in the Albright art gallery be draped.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices for Grain and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.

Wheat—Wagon, 87c; No. 2 red, 88c. Corn—No. 2, 45½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 31c. Hay—Baled, \$14.00 @ 16.50; timothy, \$14.00 @ 17.00; mixed, \$12.00 @ 15.00. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 6.75. Hogs—\$6.00 @ 7.30. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 4.00. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 6.00. Receipts—4,000 hogs; 1,100 cattle; 300 sheep.

At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 94c. Corn—No. 2, 48c. Oats—No. 2, 32c. Cattle—\$3.50 @ 6.00. Hogs—\$4.50 @ 7.45. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 4.15. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 6.40.

At Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 91½c. Corn—No. 2, 46½c. Oats—No. 2, 29½c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 7.00; stockers and feeders, \$4.25 @ 5.90. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 7.25. Sheep—\$3.25 @ 4.80. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 6.40.

At St. Louis.

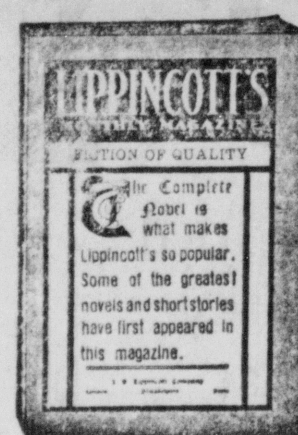
Wheat—No. 2 red, 96c. Corn—No. 2, 46½c. Oats—No. 2, 32½c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 7.00. Hogs—\$6.40 @ 7.25. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 4.75. Lambs—\$5.50 @ 6.25.

At East Buffalo.

Cattle—\$4.25 @ 6.65. Hogs—\$6.00 @ 7.80. Sheep—\$2.75 @ 5.25. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 6.50.

Wheat at Toledo.

May, 92½c; July, 90½c; cash, 91½c.



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25 cents per copy. Send all orders to this paper or to LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE. Philadelphia, Pa.

Distinctive Styles in Dressy Skirts.

Furnished by Pictorial Review
The Pictorial Review Bldg.
222-224-226 West 39th Street, New York City.

Skirts,—plain skirts, draped skirts,—they all have their own particular place in every woman's wardrobe. For general wear tailored models are most appropriate and these are narrow or at least give that effect. Plaits are introduced in some of the latest models but the straight lines are still retained. Of course the firm materials such as tweed, broadcloth, serge, cheviot and basket weave cloth are used for these and usually a coat of the same is made.

When it comes to dressy skirts, the styles are much more elaborate and they are designed for soft fabrics like satin, cashmere, mousseline de soie, henrietta, voile and similar goods. Many are made with tunics or draperies and the soft graceful folds of these are very charming. Shirring, too, is extremely appropriate for these dressier costumes and a little fullness is often introduced at the waistline.

Three very distinctive models are pictured here, each one having an especially desirable and attractive feature.

No. 3731 is a very unusual style of skirt and ought to appeal to women who like things different. It has a style and snap of its own. This is a two-piece model and the overskirt is made with an Empire waistline. This feature, of course, is especially appropriate for dressy wear. The overskirt is crossed in surplice style at the front and makes the model particularly desirable for wear with a surplice waist of the same material. The panel back gives the long straight lines so much favored this season. This pattern is cut in five sizes for women 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches waist measure. Size 26 requires 5½ yards of 36 inch material.

Another very pretty draped skirt is shown in No. 3675. This has a seven gored foundation which is lengthened by a gathered flounce with a straight lower edge. The skirt may be made with a sweep, in regulation or shorter length according to the taste of the wearer and the occasions for which it is being made. Though the closing appears to be at the side front it is really at the center back. An excellent opportunity for a little individual touch is offered in this design, in the selection of the ornament for the back of the drapery. This need not be expensive but should blend well with the material used and, moreover, should suit the wearer. Care should be taken not to have it too heavy. This skirt pattern is cut in sizes 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches waist measure. Size 24 requires 6½ yards of 36 inch material.

A very chic little skirt on an entirely different order is No. 3724. This is simple in the extreme and is a style which is very youthful. It is made with a foundation and the back goes are shirred at flounce depth. The panel front gives the long lines and is just the right width. One of the prettiest materials for this model is crepe de chine. This is so soft that it is especially nice for shirring. Crepe meteor and satin cashmere are also appropriate for the skirt. The pattern is cut in sizes 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches waist measure. Size 26 requires 4½ yards of 36 inch material.

These patterns, including cutting and construction guides are 15 cents each.

The Cannibal.

"And what," asked the cannibal chieftain in his kindest tones—"what was your business before you were captured by my men?"

"I was a newspaper man," answered the captive.

"An editor?"

"No; merely a subeditor."

"Cheer up, young man! Shortly after my chief has finished his perusal of the cookbook you will be editor in chief."

Laughing heartily at his bonnet, the cannibal chieftain wanted to know if the captive had a funny bone.—Judge.

Thunderstorms.

A thunderstorm in hot weather travels at the average rate of thirty miles an hour.

There is Only One

"Bromo Quinine"

That is

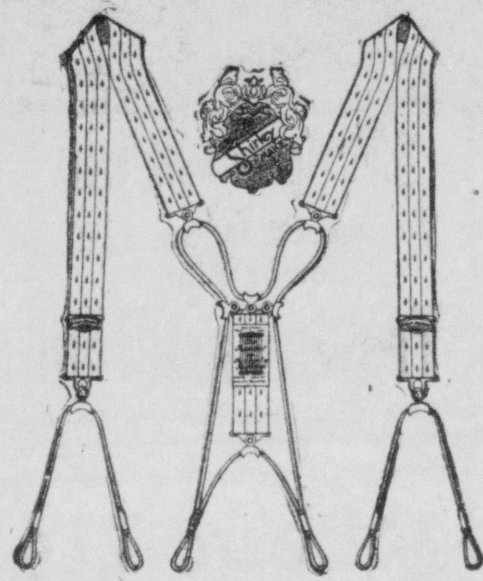
Laxative Bromo Quinine

USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c.

E. W. Grove

SHIRLEY PRESIDENT SUSPENDERS



The kind that most men wear. Notice the cord back and the front ends. They slide in frictionless tubes and move as you move. You will quickly see why Shirley President Suspenders are comfortable and economical for the working man or business man.

Light, Medium or Extra Heavy Weights—Extra Lengths for Tall Men. Price 50 Cents from your local dealer or by mail from the factory.

Signed Guarantee on every pair

THE C. A. EDGARTON MFG. CO.
333 MAIN STREET, SHIRLEY, MASS.

Vick's Garden and Floral Guide

Gives advice about the best seeds, plants, and caring for the plants. The book the experienced gardener and the beginner need. Sent anywhere free. A postal card with your name and address brings it to you.

Vick's Branching Asters are grown by those who know the best. The catalog tells all about them. Seven colors: white, pink, rose, crimson, lavender, purple, dark violet. Packet 10 cts. each; one packet of each color, 50 cts.

Vick's Golden Nugget Sweet Corn. The finest Corn on the market, ears large, filled with tender, sweet and juicy kernels. Two to four ears to a stalk. Packet, 10 cts.; half pint, 20 cts.; pint, 30 cts.; quart, 50 cts.

Standard Farm Seeds Alfalfa, the money maker; New "Early Wonder" Corn; Vick's Red Glazed Corn; Vick's New Late Victor Potato; Clover; Oats. \$1.00 in Premiums to users of Vick's Seeds. See pages 1, 2, 44 of the Catalog.

James Vick's Sons
143 Main Street, Rochester, N. Y.

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A wonderful story of the Progress of this Mechanical Age. Instructive, but more fascinating than any fiction. A magazine for Bankers, Doctors, Lawyers, Teachers, Farmers, Business Men, Manufacturers, Mechanics. Has 1,200,000 readers every month. Interests everybody. When you see one you understand why. Ask the man who reads it. Your newsdealer will show you one, or write the publishers for a free sample copy.

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HAVE YOU TRIED PAXTINE

The Great Toilet Germicide?
You don't have to pay 50c or \$1.00 a pint for listerian antiseptics or peroxide. You can make 16 pints of a more cleansing, germicidal, healing and deodorizing antiseptic solution with one 25c box of Paxtine—a soluble antiseptic powder, obtainable at any drug store.

Paxtine destroys germs that cause disease, decay and odors,—that is why it is the best mouth wash and gargle, and why it purifies the breath, cleanses and preserves the teeth better than ordinary dentifrices, and in sponge bathing it completely eradicates perspiration and other disagreeable body odors. Every dainty woman appreciates this and its many other toilet and hygienic uses.

Paxtine is splendid for sore throat, inflamed eyes and to purify mouth and breath after smoking. You can get Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic at any drug store, price 25c and 50c, or by mail postpaid from The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass., who will send you a free sample if you would like to try it before buying.

SEEDS

CORN AND OATS
JOHNSON COUNTY YELLOW OR WHITE DENT SEED CORN

This corn needs no introduction, as it is known throughout the United States, winning the Grand Prizes at Chicago and Omaha Corn Expositions and taking first prizes wherever shown. This corn is a heavy yielder.

Price per bushel, shelled only (sacks free) \$2.00
WESTERN IOWA WHITE SEED OATS.

These are Choice Extra Heavy, Bright and well matured Seed Oats, weighing 38 to 40 lbs. to measured bushel. We have handled these Iowa White Oats for past 5 years. They are heavy producers on Indiana soil. Always get your Seed Oats from the North.

Price per bushel, shelled only (sacks free) 54c.
(If you order either both Corn and Oats in 10 bushel lots or more we pay the freight to your station.)
We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.
J. G. HERMANN & CO.
326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

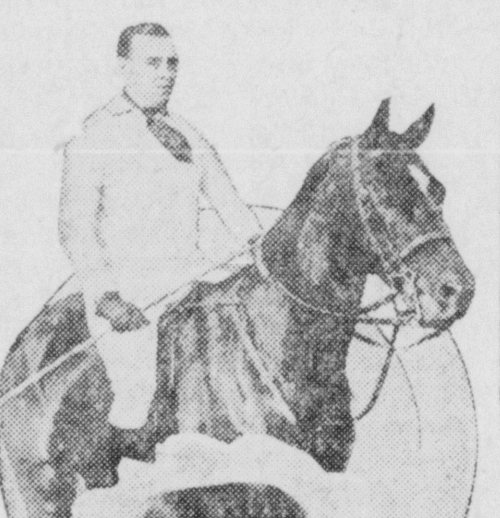
Mrs. Love Seeking Divorce From Man Who Lost Fortune



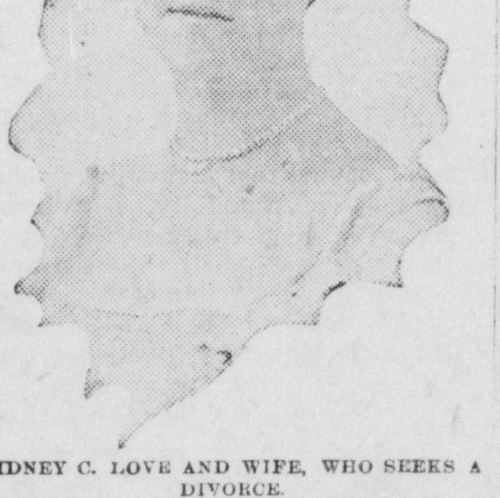
LOVE cannot be won back by the capture of another fortune, according to the story of the Sidney C. Loves for Mrs. Love, who, as Marjorie Burnes of Chicago, was termed "the most beautiful woman in America" by Sir Philip Burnes-Jones, the aesthetic English artist, has brought suit for divorce in the Westchester county (N. Y.) courts.

This action is regarded as an answer to the recent assertion of Love that he was winning another fortune and would take it to his wife and seek a reconciliation. The courts will probably end a marriage that was disrupted by a Wall street crash.

The marriage of Miss Marjorie Burnes to Love was a brilliant Chicago society event in October, 1907. Yet in less than two years from that date the couple had separated and have not seen each other since. The young man, formerly a fifteen dollar clerk at Keokuk, Ia., was a protégé of Judge W. H. Moore of the Rock Island interests, and when he arrived in New York and bought a Stock Exchange seat he handled the pool's business almost entirely. Prosperity seemed to lavish her gifts on him, and the Loves were leading figures in the social life of New York, Newport and Palm Beach. Then came the disastrous year of 1909 which deprived Love of wife, child and fortune. He was caught in the big squeeze in Wall street, and, facing a \$2,000,000 failure, he ended his skyrocket career in high finance.



SIDNEY C. LOVE AND WIFE, WHO SEEKS A DIVORCE.

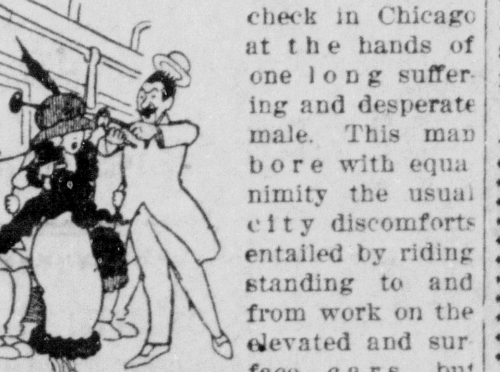


From this failure he was saved by Judge Moore, who had assisted him in his remarkable rise and felt himself responsible for him in disaster. But Love was obliged to retire from Wall street and sold his exchange seat for \$72,500. His wife about that time received \$1,000,000 in final settlement of the Burnes estate in Chicago and sailed for London, taking her child with her. A week later Love followed. Then American society was startled to learn by cable that Mrs. Love had appealed to Ambassador Reid for protection from her husband, who was attempting to kidnap the baby.

So the former stockbroker returned alone to America and set about recouping his fortunes. When all the debris of the failure had been cleared away it was found that Love had \$5,000 left. This he took and started for the Pacific northwest, living at Baker City, Ore., and operating in mines.

Found Cure For Long Hatpins.

The long hatpin of women's attire, which has caused city ordinances, indignation meetings and other symptoms of rebellion on the part of men, has received a check in Chicago at the hands of one long suffering and desperate male. This man bore with equanimity the usual city discomforts entailed by riding standing to and from work on the elevated and surface cars, but when he received a few unintentional but painful stabs from long hatpins he rebelled. After some study he appeared with a pair of pincers, and that day, after narrowly losing an eye, he produced the steel nippers and deftly turned the point of the pin. "Merely as a matter of defense," he assured the indignant owner of the hatpin, amid prolonged applause from others of his sex.



Clubs are no longer laid out or built upon strictly straight lines. Curving streets, especially in the residence section, will in the future prove the rule rather than the exception. Where straight street lines are used, paralleled by curbs, property lines, fences, hedges and buildings, something should be done to break the monotony.

THROUGH UNIFORMITY CITY HAS BEEN MADE BEAUTIFUL

Poughkeepsie's Concrete Sidewalks, Standard Cellars and Poles.

As is the case in a great many cities and towns, Main street of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., had gradually come to be considered by the merchants along it as being their own property, and sheds, awnings, signs and stands for the display of goods obstructed and disfigured a large part of its sidewalks. In addition to this, a great number of poles of every description had been allowed to be planted, the resulting condition being that in many places there was space for only a single file of pedestrians.

Fortunately the citizens some years ago awoke to the necessity for an im-



COMBINATION LIGHT AND TROLLEY POLE.

provement in these conditions, and the first move was to get rid of about one-third of the poles over about one-third of the length of the street. Then the merchants were required to remove their stands and display their goods only within the store windows, and following this swinging signs were ordered removed. With the sidewalks thus uncovered so as to be plainly visible the desirability of improving them was apparent, and concrete sidewalks were constructed for 5,700 feet, or over one-half the length of the street. One improvement followed another, standard cellarways were adopted, all electric wires were placed under the sidewalks, and finally the old trolley poles were replaced with combination light and trolley poles.

This last improvement was effected by a combination between the lighting company, which placed the conduits; the property owners, who paid for the sidewalks, and the city, which paid for the poles, fixtures and placing. The poles cost \$65 each and \$35 additional for setting them. They are placed ninety feet apart on each side of the street. Each pole has a cluster of four lights suspended thirteen and one-half feet above the sidewalk, each light being a 100 watt tungsten of about eighty candle power. Thirty of these poles have been placed already, and the effect is so generally appreciated that it is proposed to install 100 more in the near future.

The man with but one idea for advertising, like the man with but one shirt, needs kind friends to advise him.

Boy's League to Protect Parks.

According to a plan of Howard Bradstreet, supervisor of recreation for Manhattan and Richmond boroughs, New York, thousands of boys who attended the city playgrounds will be organized into a body to be known as the Parks Protective league. Tompkins square has started with a membership of 1,000, and it is expected that all the other grounds in the city will be well represented.

The purpose of the league is, first of all, to protect and preserve the playgrounds. It is also hoped to encourage by this method of individual responsibility the self government spirit that is playing such a prominent part in the schools of the city at present.

Last year the group system prevailed in the playgrounds, but there was no concerted effort in the direction of preservation. This league plan, according to Mr. Bradstreet, will receive its first trial in New York. Park Commissioner Stover stands back of the organization and believes that in the future the playgrounds will be kept in first class condition because of the efforts of the members of the league. All boys between the ages of twelve and seventeen will be admitted to membership.

"Loving your neighbor as yourself" means giving him a chance to make his living. Do you do your trading at home, or do you patronize the mail order houses?

Curving Streets.

Cities are no longer laid out or built upon strictly straight lines. Curving streets, especially in the residence section, will in the future prove the rule rather than the exception. Where straight street lines are used, paralleled by curbs, property lines, fences, hedges and buildings, something should be done to break the monotony.

The Scrap Book

A Helpful Suggestion.

"I tried to get a chance to speak to you at church Sunday," said Mrs. Oldcastle, "but the crush was so great that I couldn't push through to where you were."

"Yes, wasn't it awful?" replied her hostess as she flicked a bit of dust from the Gobelins tapestry. "All the common folks in town seem to want to crowd into our church lately. It's too bad they ain't satisfied to stay where they belong. How did you like the sermon?"

"Well, as a sermon it was fairly good, but I do wish Dr. Goodman would quit splitting his infinitives. I try not to let it make me nervous, but I can't keep from being shocked every time he does it."

"I never let them kind of things bother me, but that's where the Episcopalians have the advantage of us. If our preacher would wear a long robe he could split them and you'd never notice it."—Chicago Record-Herald.

It Never Comes Again.

There are gains for all our losses. There are balm for all our pain. But when youth, the dream, departs It takes something from our hearts, And it never comes again.

We are stronger and are better Under manhood's sterner reign. Still we feel that something sweet Followed youth with flying feet And will never come again.

Something beautiful is vanished, And we sigh for it in vain. We behold it everywhere, On the earth and in the air, But it never comes again. —R. H. Stoddard.

It Couldn't Hit Back.

A man who doesn't care for music went one snowy night at a friend's earnest solicitation to an amateur recital at the home of a mutual acquaintance. The man who didn't like music was not in a particularly happy frame of mind when he reached the house, and he was even less happy when he left it.

Trudging home through the drifts covering the pavements, he spoke his mind, dwelling with special emphasis upon his opinion of the acquaintance's daughter as a vocal soloist.

"But her voice has been excellently trained," defended the friend. "She struck high C." "Oh, yes; she struck it all right," muttered the man who doesn't like music, "she struck it, poor thing! That was the trouble. And it couldn't retaliate."—Philadelphia Times.

He Was Scared.

There used to be a sheriff in a Green Mountain county of Vermont who for forty years had driven his prisoners—murderers, moonshiners and thieves—through the woods in his buggy to the county jail and yet who had never carried a revolver nor used a pair of handcuffs in his life. He had a strong hand, a brave heart and a stutter.

"Weren't you ever afraid?" some one asked him one day.

"W-w-well, I 'low once I w-wuz t-t-tol'able well skeert," he admitted slowly. "I h-heard S-S-S-P-Perkins, the b-barber, w-wuz g-g-gone d-d-daft an' w-wuz c-carvin' p-people up, an' I e-calculated it w-wuz my official d-d-dooty to g-g-go an' arrest him. So I w-went d-down to S-S-S's shop an' w-went in, an' S-S-S e-came at me w-with a r-razor in each h-hand. An' then I 'low I w-wuz t-t-tol'able well skeert."

"What did you do?" "W-w-well," said the old sheriff, spitting thoughtfully into the sand box beside the stove, "I w-wuz s-s-s-s-skeert that I t-t-took 'em a-away from him."—Everybody's.

Anticipation.

The new maid seemed eminently satisfactory, but the mistress of the house thought a few words of advice would be just as well.

"And remember," she concluded, "that I expect you to be very reticent about what you hear when you are waiting at table."

"Certainly, madam, certainly," replied the treasure. But then her face lit up with an innocent curiosity. "May I ask, madam, if there will be much to be reticent about?"

Knew the Man.

It was a bit naughty of Miss Farrar, the opera singer, to speak of the race of dukes as "not worth a damn." The incident, says the San Francisco Argonaut, recalls a story which the late Frank Moffatt used to tell. Moffatt one day chanced to fall in with Father — of Oakland, a priest widely popular for his humor and general keenness of mind as well as for his sympathies.

"What do you think, Frank?" asked the father, "of —?" who had just been nominated for a public office.

"Well, father," said Moffatt, "barring your reverend presence, I think he is a blankety blank blank."

"Softly, Frank; softly, Frank," said the good father, raising his hands in protest. "I can't approve your language, but I see you know the man."

Her Destination.

A woman clerk in a government office who enjoys a well earned reputation for wit very much disconcerted a young attorney one day. She announced that she was shortly going on her vacation, and the youthful cross examiner inquired the lady's destination.

"At Fishhook," was the reply. "Where is that?" pursued the attorney.

"At the end of the line," was the smiling rejoinder.

CURED TO STAY CURED.

How a Seymour Citizen Found Complete Freedom from Kidney Troubles.

If you suffer from backache— From urinary disorders— From any disease of the kidneys Be cured to stay cured. Doan's Kidney Pills make lasting cures.

Seymour people testify:

Mrs. Lydia Owens, 425 Jackson St., Seymour, Ind., says: "Several years ago I had pains in the small of my back and was also subject to headaches. My kidneys were badly disordered and I attributed my trouble to the failure of these organs to do their work properly. When I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills, I immediately procured a supply and their use corrected my trouble. I know of other people who have taken Doan's Kidney Pills and praise them as highly as I do." (Statement given in 1906).

NO TROUBLE SINCE.

On April 14, 1910, Mrs. Owens was interviewed and she said: "During the years that have passed since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me, I have been entirely free from kidney trouble. I am constantly recommending this remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price fifty cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Notice of Final Settlement of Estate. Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees, of Hardin Hancock Deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 24th day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the Final Settlement Accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

WITNESS, the Clerk of said Court, this 1st day of March, 1911.
JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk of Jackson Circuit Court.
J. H. KAMMAN, Attorney. m16w

Notice of Final Settlement of Estate. Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Charlotte Korte Deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 24th day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the Final Settlement Accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

WITNESS, the Clerk of said Court, this 1st day of March, 1911.
JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
J. H. KAMMAN, Attorney. m16w

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE. Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Erwin Schneek Deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 23rd day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the Final Settlement Accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

Witness, the Clerk of said Court, this first day of March, 1911.
JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
O. H. Montgomery, Atty. for admr. m16w.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE. Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Louis Schneek Deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 23rd day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the Final Settlement Accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

Witness, the Clerk of said Court, this first day of March, 1911.
JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
O. H. Montgomery, Atty. for Admr. m16w.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE. Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Jacob Pressler, deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 23rd day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the Final Settlement Accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

Witness, the Clerk of said Court, this 28th day of February, 1911.
JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
J. A. Cox, Atty. m16w.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the Judge of the Circuit Court of Jackson County, State of Indiana, Administrator of the estate of Cyrus J. Attkisson, late of Jackson County, Indiana, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

J. T. PRUDEN,
March 1, 1911. Administrator. m16w
O. H. Montgomery, Atty.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT. State of Indiana, Jackson County.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of George Fenneberg, deceased, late of Jackson County, Indiana. Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

HERMAN BUSE,
Administrator.
m9w.

Notice of Final Settlement of Estate. Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Lydia Miller Deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 17th day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the Final Settlement Accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

WITNESS, the Clerk of said Court, this 21st day of February, 1911.
JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
J. H. KAMMAN, Atty. m16w

A Dreadful Sight

to H. J. Barnum, of Freeville, N. Y., was the fever sore that had plagued his life for years in spite of many remedies he tried. At last he used Bucklen's Arnica Salve and wrote: "It has entirely healed with scarcely a scar left." Heals Burns, Boils, Eczema, Cuts, Bruises, Swellings, Corns and Piles like magic. Only 25c at the Andrews-Schwenck Drug Co.

Want Ads. in the Republican get Results

BALTIMORE & OHIO SOUTHWESTERN R.R.

Commencing March the 10th one way tickets will be sold at greatly reduced rates to points in Arizona, British Columbia, California, Colorado, Idaho, Mexico, New Texas, Utah, Oregon and Washington. On sale daily to and including April 10th.

ALSO

Home Seekers Round Trip Tickets on sale 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month to points south and southwest, west and southwest.

For further information call at B. & O. Ticket Office or address

E. MASSMAN, Agt.
W. P. TOWNSEND,
D. P. A., Vincennes, Ind.

Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern

Traction Company.



In Effect Nov. 14, 1910.

Northbound	Southbound
Cars Lv. Seymour	Cars Ar. Seymour
TO	FROM
6:55 a. m.	6:30 a. m.
8:10 a. m.	7:53 a. m.
9:00 a. m.	8:53 a. m.
9:17 a. m.	9:10 a. m.
10:00 a. m.	9:53 a. m.
11:17 a. m.	11:10 a. m.
12:00 m.	11:53 a. m.
1:17 p. m.	12:25 p. m.
2:00 p. m.	12:10 p. m.
3:17 p. m.	1:53 p. m.
4:00 p. m.	2:10 p. m.
5:00 p. m.	4:53 p. m.
6:17 p. m.	6:10 p. m.
7:00 p. m.	6:53 p. m.
8:17 p. m.	7:53 p. m.
9:00 p. m.	8:10 p. m.
10:45 p. m.	9:53 p. m.
11:55 p. m.	11:38 p. m.

—Indianapolis.
C—Columbus.
H—Hoosier Flyers. —Dixie Flyers.
x—Seymour-Indianapolis Limited.
z—Makes no country stops between Indianapolis and Edinburg, but makes all stops south of Edinburg; connects with the B. & O. west, leaving Seymour at 2:03 p. m.

Cars make connections at Seymour with train of the B. & O. R. R. and Southern Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information, see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General Offices—Columbus, Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE TRACTION COMPANY.



In effect May 10, 1910.

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Croftsville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Watson Junction, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 3:11, 4:11, 5:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m. 12:00 m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 p. m.

Freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour, Jeffersonville, Louisville, New Albany and all intermediate points.

Express service given on local passenger cars.

Runs as far as Scottsburg only.

For rates and further information see agents, or official time folders in all cars.

GENERAL OFFICES, Scottsburg, Indiana.

Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern Railway.

Southeastern Line.

North Bound.	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
Daily.			
v Seymour	6:40 am	11:40 am	5:05 pm
v Bedford	7:58 am	11:00 pm	6:25 pm
lv Odon	9:07 am	2:08 pm	7:34 pm
lv Elmore	9:17 am	2:18 pm	7:44 pm
lv Beehunter	9:25 am	2:35 pm	7:59 pm
lv Linton	9:45 am	2:48 pm	8:14 pm
lv Jasonville	10:12 am	3:12 pm	8:38 pm
Ar Tr. Haute	11:05 am	4:05 pm	9:30 pm



Feb. 1911.

Dear friend:

I went this morning to the grocery. I had a basket on my arm. I got the basket full of things and brought them home. Mama said I was a good trader. Here's a list of what I got.

1 can of Mackerel.....20c
1 can of Sliced Peaches.....20c
1 can of Sliced Pine Apple.....25c
1 can of Tomato Soup.....10c
1 can of Kraut.....10c

Your Friend,
JACOB.

I got good things because I went to

BRAND'S

--A--
Beautiful Lawn NOW

is the time to sow the seed if you want a nice, velvety lawn this summer.

EVERGREEN

Will give you the best results.

Put up in packages with full instructions to use.

KESSLER

HARDWARE CO.

Just Received

A fresh supply of
White Fish, Mackerel,
Smoked Herring,
Cod Fish,
Holland Herring and
Smoked Salmon,
All Kinds of Garden and
Flower Seed, Onion
Sets and Seed
Potatoes.

REINHART'S GROCERYCorner Third and Chestnut Streets
PHONE 250.

W. H. BURKLEY
REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
and LOANS
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

JACOB SPEAR JOHN HAGEL
Carpenters-Contractors
BUILDING and REPAIRING
New work--hard wood floors a specialty
SPEAR & HAGEL
630 N. Chestnut St., Seymour, Ind.

SCHOLAR FIGHTS WISE POLITICIAN

Chicago Has Mayoralty Campaign of Novel Character.

GENERAL INTEREST IN VOTE.

Carter H. Harrison, Four Times City Ruler and Who "Came Back," Opposed by Charles E. Merriam, College Professor, Reform Alderman and Ex-proposer of Municipal Graft.

Chicago has selected its candidates for mayor by a primary vote, the first time the state law has been tried municipally by the big Illinois city, and the election in April will be watched with great interest as a possible political forecast of the times.

The election will admittedly be won by either Carter H. Harrison, the Democratic nominee, or his Republican opponent, Charles E. Merriam, although the Prohibitionists and Socialists will have full tickets in the field. On one hand is the astute political leader who served his city four times as mayor and with credit, who has an enormous personal following and who attracts thousands who knew his father and who later admired the son for the manner in which he smashed the Yerkes street railway combine many years ago. This is Carter H. Harrison.

Theory Versus Practice.

Opposed is a young man, formerly a professor in one of the greatest of the country's universities, theoretically an expert in political science, and who has proved some of his theories in practice as alderman and chairman of an investigating commission that uncovered numerous instances of municipal graft. This young man received



CARTER H. HARRISON



CHARLES E. MERRIAM

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a clean majority over all five Republican opponents in the primary. He is Charles E. Merriam.

The name of Carter H. Harrison is known to every voter in Chicago, but no one, it is said, knows Carter H. Harrison. Inscrutability seems to be this man's predominating trait, and those who know him best are the first to call attention to the fact.

Harrison is a unique figure in Chicago politics. For four terms, from 1897 to 1905, he "wore his father's hat," succeeding the elder Harrison in the chair that he relinquished only when he was shot down by the assassin Prendergast.

Harrison was born in Chicago in 1860. When he was thirteen he was sent abroad to study German, and for nearly four years he lived in Heidelberg and Altenberg. To this day he sings the old German songs.

Merriam the Scholar.

Professor Merriam, the slender scholar with the boyish face, doesn't object in the least to being dubbed a politician. He believes in reform—in a whole lot of reforms should anybody ask you—but he isn't in the way of trying to bring them about by ranting and writing letters of protest.

Merriam calls himself a young man. He was born in Hopkinton, Ia., in 1874, got all the college and university degrees he could accumulate at Lenox college, the state University of Iowa and Columbia university and then spent two years in Berlin and Paris brushing up on some of the things he thought he didn't know. Immediately thereafter, in 1900, he joined the faculty of the University of Chicago and has been there ever since in the department of political science.

Not being busy enough at the university, Professor Merriam has gone into civic matters a good deal.

NEVADA'S STATE ANTHEM.

A Reno (Nev.) hotel manager has this striking, even audacious, perversion of the national hymn "America" on a circular advertising his hotel:

Nevada, 'tis of thee,
Sweet state of liberty,
Of thee I sing,
State where our fathers flee,
State that sets mothers free,
Marriage, because of thee,
Hath lost its sting.

My state that holds the key
That sets the shackled free,
I love thy name,
I love thy lawyers' ways,
Thy dazzling divorcees,
The brevity of their stays,
Their little game.

Reno, it is of thee,
Daughter of liberty,
To thee we flee,
Long may thy streets resound
With freedom's joyful sound,
Scatter thy light around,
From sea to sea!

LOCKSLEY HALL HERMIT WAS TIGHT ROPE WALKER.

Eccentric English Millionaire Had Been Friend of Blondin.

England has just lost by death a most eccentric character, George Edward Dering, eighty-one years old, a fellow of the Royal society, whose diversion was to walk a tight rope over a lake in his grounds.

Dering was the owner of Locksley Hall and its 1,000 acres at the village of Welwyn, in Hertfordshire, and for twenty years, since the death of his wife, had not been outside his park gates. Within the park he drove in old King George coaches swung on leather. He never saw an automobile—refused to look at one because he hated noise.

Though he had millions in cash and large estates in Galway, Ireland, he rarely spent any money, permitted poachers on his land to supply his table and would often have them sup with him. Yet to make his home quieter he spent \$100,000 in shifting a public road.

He was a great friend of Blondin, the old rope walker who crossed Niagara. Blondin taught him to walk the rope, and he frequently invited the villagers to see him perform. On such occasions he always wore tights, just as Blondin did. He belonged to an ancient Saxon family, of which Sir Henry Neville Dering is the head. He left an only daughter, who is now having the lawns moved for the first time in a generation.

COURTSHIP IN STATISTICS.

German Prober Has Declarations of Love Codified.

Nothing is sacred to the German statistician. Presumably basing his calculations upon information culled from fiction, he calculates that in the case of proposals of marriage 36 per cent of the suitors press the hand of their beloved, 24 per cent conclude their speech with an embrace, 4 per cent kiss the hair, 2 per cent kiss the hand, 2 per cent fall on their knees and 20 per cent swallow nervously before they declare their passion.

Ten per cent open and close their mouths without being able to utter a single word, and 2 per cent make their proposals while standing on one foot.

With regard to the women, on the other hand, 60 per cent sink helpless into the lovers' arms for whose proposal they have been waiting, 20 per cent blush and hide their faces, 1 per cent swoon away, 4 per cent are genuinely amazed, 14 per cent gaze silently into the suitor's eyes and 1 per cent run away to tell a girl friend.

LONG WAY AROUND IN KANSAS

Mail Service Encounters Novel Obstacles in Routes.

If a man in Richfield, county seat of Morton county, Kan., should send a letter to a man in the town of Sid, in the same county and but sixteen miles away, his letter would have to travel 514 miles to get there. It would take longer to get that letter from Richfield to Sid, sixteen miles, than it takes to send a letter from New York to Liverpool, England.

The only way mail from Richfield can be sent to the towns south and east of there, even a dozen miles away, is to send it north fifty-two miles to Syracuse, then east 222 miles to Hutchinson, then back again on to Meade or Liberal, from where it is carried back to its destination, possibly only twenty or thirty miles from where it started.

TWO BATTLESHIPS ARE "DRY"

Total Abstinence Has Invaded King George's Navy.

The British navy has just taken a step unprecedented in its history. The two cruisers Rainbow and Niobe are to be teetotal men-of-war, contrary to all marine traditions.

Grog has always been a part of the standard ration, being a concoction of one part rum to three parts water, but no such luxury is to be permitted on the two ships above mentioned. In the old days—in fact, down to 1830—the daily allowance to each man was a gallon of ale and half a pint of rum. The quantity has been greatly modified, but it certainly never entered any tar's head that the time was coming for total abstinence.

To Harness Jordan's Falls.

The falls of the river Jordan below the lake of Galilee are to be harnessed to supply electricity to the larger towns of Palestine.

Up to the Minute Shoe Repairing

A modern shop equipped with all the latest improved machines, electric power, for repairing shoes. Soles sewed on shoes in less time than it takes to peg them on and is much better for the shoes. Sewed shoes feel more comfortable to the feet, will wear longer and when finished on our electric finishing machine will look like new. All work guaranteed.

WM. N. FOX, 120 EAST SECOND STREET, SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

West to Help Orient Stave Off Plague



ANCHURIA is in one way the center of the world's interest at present. This is because of the terrible bubonic plague, which is ravaging the country laid waste not so many years ago by the armies of Russia and Japan. Everything appears to have conspired against the staying of the dread disease, for it appeared in the dead of winter, when many medical aids were rendered powerless by the intense cold. For instance, in Harbin, where 160 deaths a day have been registered with startling regularity, the thermometer showed 40 degrees below zero, which paralyzed the physicians' disinfecting apparatus.

Not only is the plague laying low the orientals, but the European and American residents of the province are being stricken in large numbers. In



RUBBER CLAD DOCTOR WITH IODOFORM SOAKED HELMET.

answer to an appeal for aid various European powers are sending valued men to help fight the terrible invader. China is feeling the plague in many quarters, even the capital, Peking, reporting many cases. The Chinese government, unable to obtain serum, ordered 100,000 doses of plague antitoxin from Vienna. England and other governments have sent specialists to Manchuria to study the plague and devise means of stopping its spread.

But there is another and equally menacing danger, as if the "black death" was not enough. It is famine. Fully 2,000,000 persons are starving in eastern central China, and the plague is gradually reaching southward to ward this district. Several years must elapse before the suffering Chinese can recover from the famine, and their power to resist the plague is diminished by lack of food. The specters of hunger and disease are not more than 400 miles apart.

The present outbreak of the bubonic plague appeared in Hongkong in 1894.



CHINESE COOKS IN PLAGUE DISTRICT.

It remained restricted to native Chinese until 1896, when it passed to Bombay, which is now infected.

It devastated India during the three following years. From 1897 to 1899 the disease spread to Egypt, Asiatic Turkey, Madagascar, Portugal, Russia and Austria and reached the American continent, appearing in Brazil.

Argentina and Paraguay. Honolulu also became infected. In 1900 the plague broke out in San Francisco, coming probably from Hongkong or Honolulu, and cost forty-one lives.

It is necessary that the physicians at work in the plague districts protect themselves thoroughly. The Chinese government has done its utmost for the personal comfort of the physicians, according to the letters of the latter. A doctor garbed for duty is certainly awe inspiring, clad as he is in iodine helmet, rubber mask, boots, overalls and long coat. A French doctor named Mesny, who was not inoculated, became infected through a patient coughing in his face while his mask was removed.

FOR THE STOMACH.

Here's An Offer You Should Not Overlook.

Revall Dyspepsia Tablets remedy stomach troubles by supplying the one element, the absence of which in the gastric juices causes indigestion and dyspepsia. They aid the stomach to digest food and to quickly convert it into rich red blood and material necessary for overcoming natural body waste.

Carry a package of Revall Dyspepsia Tablets in your vest pocket, or keep them in your room. Take one after each heavy meal and indigestion will not bother you.

We know what Revall Dyspepsia Tablets are and what they will do. We guarantee them to relieve indigestion and dyspepsia. If they fail we will refund your money. Three sizes: 25 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00. Remember you can obtain Revall Remedies only at The Revall Store. The Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

The Portuguese Rebanadas.

A dish as much eaten by the Portuguese as mince pie by Americans is the rebanadas. It is of Moorish origin and is easily and quickly prepared, as befitting the habits of a nomadic race. Thick slices of bread are soaked in new milk, fried in olive oil and then spread with honey and eaten hot. The result is something delicious, and those who have once tasted the rebanadas will want to taste it again.

Social Trickery.

A number of North Atchison girls recently invited their friends to a party, saying that a feature of the entertainment would be a swimming match between two girls. Every one went and found that this part of the programme was carried out by two girls sitting at a table with a bowl of water between them in which a match floated. The men felt that they had been cheated.—Atchison Globe.

Pimples.

Zinc ointment applied to pimples when they are beginning to form will frequently check them. Applied to them daily after they have formed will in most cases prevent a scar, unless they have been opened and the flesh bruised.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. Cheney & Co. Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Frank Klosterman

Contracting House Painter
709 S. Poplar St., Seymour, Ind.
Orders may be left at Stanfield-Carlson's

SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK

Piano Teacher,
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

Building Material

The Very Best at the Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.

High Grade Mill Work

Veeneered Doors and Interior Finish.

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Your orders for Spring delivery for California privet

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Announces A Full Line of
Drugs, Patent Medicines,
Toilet Articles and Perfumes
ALL NEW AND FRESH

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Registered Pharmacist by Examination
NO. 10 ST. LOUIS AVE.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Prescriptions A Specialty

GEORGE F. MEYER'S DRUG STORE

BAGGAGE TRANSFER.

Call 'Phone 468 for transfer of baggage or light hauling in all parts of the city. Residence phone 612-R.

SAMUEL S. WIBLE.

Successor to A. T. Foster.

WATCH REPAIRING

If your watch is not giving correct time, call and have it repaired. Charges are reasonable. Jewelry the best made at lowest prices. Cut prices on 1847 Roger, Silverware at

T. R. HALEY'S Jewelry Store
10 East Second St., Seymour, Indiana

H. LETT, M. D. C.

Veterinary Surgeon
111 W. Third St., SEYMOUR.
Phones—New 643 and 644, Old 97 and 80.

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